

Installation Instructions

Indoor unit for air to water heat pumps Compress Hybrid 3400i AW

HC3400iAW 8 I







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1 Explanation of symbols and safety instructions

1.1 Explanation of symbols

Warnings

In warnings, signal words at the beginning of a warning are used to indicate the type and seriousness of the ensuing risk if measures for minimizing danger are not taken.

The following signal words are defined and can be used in this document:

DANGER

DANGER indicates that severe or life-threatening personal injury will occur.

/ WARNING

WARNING indicates that severe to life-threatening personal injury may occur.

CAUTION

CAUTION indicates that minor to medium personal injury may occur.

NOTICE

/ľ

NOTICE indicates that material damage may occur.

Important information



The info symbol indicates important information where there is no risk to people or property.

Additional symbols

Symbol	Meaning
•	a step in an action sequence
\rightarrow	a reference to a related part in the document
•	a list entry
-	a list entry (second level)
Tahlo 1	

Table 1

Symbol	Meaning
Ŵ	Warning of strong magnetic field.
	Maintenance by a qualified person should be done while following the instructions of the service manua
i	For operation follow the instructions of the user manual.

Table 2

1.2 General safety instructions

Δ Notices for the target group

These installation instructions are intended for gas, plumbing, heating and electrical contractors. All instructions must be observed. Failure to comply with instructions may result in material damage and personal injury, including danger to life.

- Read the installation, service and commissioning instructions (heat source, heating controller, pumps, etc.) before installation.
- Observe the safety instructions and warnings.
- Follow national and regional regulations, technical regulations and guidelines.
- ► Record all work carried out.

\land Intended use

This product is intended for use in sealed heating systems in residential buildings.

Any other use is considered as not intended. Liability will not be assumed for any resulting damage.

Handling refrigerant

Refrigerant R32 is used in the system.

- Only qualified and authorised refrigerant circuit engineers may work on the refrigerant circuit.
- Always wear suitable protective gloves and goggles when working with refrigerant.

\land What to do if refrigerant leaks

If refrigerant leaks and touches the skin, it can cause frostbite.

- In case of a refrigerant leak, never touch any components of the air to water outdoor unit.
- Avoid skin or eye contact with refrigerant.
- Seek medical attention if you get refrigerant on your skin or in your eyes.
- ► If the refrigerant leaks please contact your installer immediately.

$\underline{\Lambda}$ Installation, maintenance and repairs

Installation, maintenance and repairs must only be carried out by an approved contractor.

A suitable qualification is required, especially when working on electrical parts or on the refrigerant circuit.

- ► Do not repair, manipulate or deactivate safety-relevant components.
- Only install original spare parts.

▲ Commissioning

Commissioning must only be carried out by the service engineer of the manufacturer or the installer.

A Electrical work

Electrical work must only be carried out by electrical installation contractors.

Before starting electrical work:

- Isolate all poles of the mains voltage and secure against reconnection.
- Make sure the main voltage is disconnected.
- Before touching live parts: Wait at least 5 minutes to discharge the capacitors.
- Observe the wiring diagrams of other system components as well.

$\underline{\Lambda}$ Establishing the connection to the power supply

A device that safely isolates the appliance from the power supply must be used.

 Install a safety switch that disconnects all poles from the power supply.

$\underline{\wedge}$ Power cable

To avoid danger, have damaged power cables replaced by the manufacturer, a Service engineer authorised by the manufacturer or by other qualified personnel.

$\underline{\wedge}$ Handover to the user

When handing over, instruct the user how to operate the heating system and inform the user about its operating conditions.

- Explain how to operate the heating system and draw the user's attention to any safety relevant action.
- ► In particular, point out the following:
 - Alterations and repairs must only be carried out by an approved contractor.
 - Safe and environmentally compatible operation requires inspection at least once a year and responsive cleaning and maintenance.
 - The heat generator may only be operated with the casing fitted and closed.
- Point out the possible consequences (personal injury, including danger to life or material damage) of non-existent or improper inspection, cleaning and maintenance.
- Point out the dangers of carbon monoxide (CO) and recommend the use of CO detectors.
- Leave the installation instructions and the operating instructions with the user for safekeeping.

$\underline{\wedge}$ Notice on operation

Operate the appliance only with mounted and closed casing.

2 Product description

2.1 GB Importer

Bosch Thermotechnology Ltd. Cotswold Way, Warndon Worcester WR4 9SW / UK

2.2 Scope of delivery

• Upon delivery, check whether the packaging is intact.

BOSCH

- Check the scope of delivery for completeness:
 - Indoor unit
 - Documentation
 - Drilling template
 - Cable feeds
 - Mounting rail
 - Bag with terminals
 - Bag with screws
 - Outside temperature sensor
 - Pressure-relief valve and corresponding connections
 - Clamping ring fitting

2.3 Product overview



Fig. 1 Components and pipe connections of the indoor unit

- [1] Automatic air vent
- [2] Installer module
- [3] Relay box
- [4] Mixing valve
- [5] DHW circulation pump (heat transfer medium)



Fig. 2 Components and ppipe connections of the indoor unit (shown without electronic components)

- [1] Condenser
- [2] Low-loss header
- [3] Mixing valve



Fig. 3 Bottom view of the indoor unit

- [1] Return to outdoor unit
- [2] Flow from the outdoor unit
- [3] Return to external booster heater
- [4] Flow to heating system
- [5] Return from the heating system
- [6] Flow from external booster heater
- [7] Front of appliance

2.4 Possible combinations of indoor and outdoor units

The indoor unit is intended for installation inside the building and for connection to heat pump outdoor units installed in the open air.

The indoor unit can be used with the following outdoor units:

- CS3400iAW 4 OR-S (ODU Split 4 kW)
- CS3400iAW 6 OR-S (ODU Split 6 kW)
- CS3400iAW 8 OR-S (ODU Split 8 kW)

2.5 Possible combinations of indoor unit and external booster heater

The indoor unit can be operated in combination with a gas condensing appliance, providing the gas condensing appliance satisfies the following minimum requirements:

- Minimum modulation: factor 4
- Maximum output: 32 kW
- Integrated heating pump
- Free analogue (0 10 V) or digital (On/Off) input (\rightarrow Chapter 6.7)

If the indoor unit is to be operated without a gas condensing appliance, additional safety equipment must be installed in the heating system in compliance with the applicable standards and guidelines.

Single-stage boiler (not modulating), e.g. wall mounted oil condensing boiler may only be used if they are smaller or dimensioned according to the heating load of the building (not dimensioned to continuous DHW output, only exclusively to the building heating load). The additional coverage of the heating load via the heat pump must be considered. Overdimensioning must be ruled out in order to avoid a excess and impermissible cycling of the boiler.



DHW is only provided via the external booster heater (combi boiler) (\rightarrow Fig. 23)

2.6 Dimensions and minimum clearances



Fig. 4 Minimum distance (mm)

[A] It is recommended to ensure a minimum volume of 1 m³ underneath the indoor unit. If this is not possible, ensure that the room is not air-tight by allowing an air vent passage at a height lower than the bottom of the indoor unit.



Fig. 5 Clearances between connections (mm)

3 Regulations

Follow the directives and regulations given below:

- Local provisions and regulations of the electricity supplier and corresponding special rules
- National building regulations
- F-Gas regulation
- **EN 50160** (Voltage characteristics of electricity supplied by public electricity networks)
- **EN 12828** (Heating systems in buildings Design and installation of water-based heating systems)
- **EN 1717** (Protection of potable water against pollution in potable water installations)
- **EN 378** (Refrigerating systems and heat pumps Safety and environmental requirements)
- Local installation regulations for low-voltage electrical installations, e.g. **DIN VDE 0100** (for Germany) or **IEC 60364**

The document 6720807972 contains further information about the applicable regulations. You can use the document search on our website to display this. You will find the address of the website on the back of these instructions.

4 Preparing for installation

NOTICE

Residue in the pipework can damage the system.

Residue and particles in the heating system impair the flow rate and lead to faults.

 Before connecting the indoor unit, flush the pipe system to remove any foreign bodies.

4.1 Water quality

Water quality in the heating system

Heat pumps operate at lower temperatures than other heating systems which means that the thermal de-airing is not as effective and oxygen levels are never as low as with a system incorporating an electric/oil/gas boiler. This means that the heating system will be more susceptible to corrosion when exposed to aggressive water.

Preventive actions are required if the heating system require recurrent filling or where a heating water sample don't show clear water.

Preventive actions can be to supplement the heating system with a magnetite filter and a de-airing valve.

Actions when the heating system requires recurrent filling:

- Check that the volume of the expansion vessel is sufficient to the heating system volume.
- Replace the expansion vessel.
- Check the heating system for leaks.

A system separation with the help of a heat exchanger may be required if the limits in table 3 can not be achieved.

Do not use any water additives except for a non-toxic pH-enhancer and keep the water clean.

The limits stated in table 3 are required to ensure the output data and operation of the heat pump throughout its entire service life.

Water quality		
Hardness	<3 °dH	
Oxygen content	<1 mg/l	
Carbon dioxide, CO_2	<1 mg/l	
Chloride ions, CL ⁻	<250 mg/l	
Sulphate, SO ₄	<100 mg/l	
Conductivity	<350 µS/cm	
рН	7,5 - 9	

Table 3 Water quality

Additional water treatment to prevent lime-scale deposits

A poor quality of the heating water promotes the formation of sludge and lime-scale. This can lead to malfunctions and damage of the heat exchanger in the heat pump. According to the current guideline VDI 2035 "Prevention of damage in water heating installations" and depending on the degree of hardness of the filling water, the system volume and the total output of the system, water treatment may be required to avoid damage due to the formation of lime-scale.



If the limits for water hardness stated in table 3 are exceeded, the performance of the heat pump will deteriorate over time. If this performance degradation can be accepted, the limits in figure 1 are required to ensure the operation of the heat pump throughout its entire service life.

Heat pump output [kW]	Total alkalinity / total hardness of the filling water [°dh]	Maximum fill and top-up water volume V _{max} [m ³]
Q < 50	Requirements according to figure 6	Requirements according to figure 6





Fig. 6 Limits for water treatment in heat pump systems

- A Use completely de-mineralized fill water above the curve, conductivity ≤ 10 microsiemens /cm.
- B Use untreated tap water below the curve. Fill according to the drinking water regulation.
- H_w Water hardness.
- V Total water volume: fill volume of the heating system and top-up volume over the service life of the heat pump.

If the total water volume is above the limit curve in the diagram (\rightarrow Fig. 6) suitable measures are required for water treatment.

Suitable measures are:

 Use of fully de-mineralized fill water with a conductivity of ≤ 10 microsiemens / cm.

To prevent oxygen from entering the heating water, the expansion vessel must be adequately dimensioned.

When installing diffusion open pipes, a system separation with the help of a heat exchanger is required.

Water treatment products

NOTICE

Material damage due to contamination in the system!

Dirt particles from the system can damage the unit and impair efficiency.

- Observe instructions of the guideline BS7593 for the treatment of water in warm water treatment systems.
- Do not use frost protection/glycol products.



Suitable water treatment products (inhibitors/cleaning agent) are available from the following manufacturers:

ADEY	01242 546700
	www.adey.com
FERNOX	0330 100 7750
	www.fernox.com
SENTINEL	01928 704330
	www.sentinelprotects.com/uk

Table 5

4.2 Install the particulate filter

NOTICE

Pollution in the heating system may damage the indoor unit!

Dirt and pollution in the heating system may damage the indoor unit.

► Install a particulate filter in the heating return of the indoor unit.

The particulate filter must have the following characteristics:

- Mesh size: max. 0.6 mm
- Flow factor k_{vs}: minimum 7 m³/h
- Magnetite separator

4.3 Heating system minimum volume and flow

i

A sufficient amount of energy stored in the system is required to avoid multiple start/stop cycles, incomplete defrosting or unnecessary alarms. Energy is stored in the heating system water volume, as well as in the system components (radiators and underfloor heating).

For the defrost operation of the outdoor unit, a minimum volume and flow must be ensured and permanently available.

The minimum volume can be provided by the open circuits (the necessary zone valves/thermostats must be always fully open) and/or by a buffer tank. For an optimal and most efficient defrost operation a recommended volume is stated.

The minimum flow must be ensured within the minimum volume available. If the minimum flow is not met, additional measures are needed, e.g. differential bypass valve or parallel buffer. Note that if an hydraulic separator is present it requires an additional heating circuit pump.

In certain circumstances depending on the available energy stored in the system, the auxiliary heater may be used to ensure the complete defrost.

Outdoor Unit	CS3400iAW 4 OR-S		
	Minimum	Recommended	
Underfloor/fan coils	13	351	
Radiators	41	13	
Minimum flow	151/	'min	

Table 6 Minimum volume and flow for outdoor unit CS3400iAW 4 OR-S

Outdoor Unit	CS3400iAW 6-8 OR-S		
	Minimum	Recommended	
Underfloor/fan coils	271	401	
Radiators	10	151	
Minimum flow	15 /	/min	

Table 7 Minimum volume and flow for outdoor unit CS3400iAW 6-8 OR-S

4.4 Installing the piping

NOTICE

Danger of faults due to contaminants in pipework!

Solids, metal/plastic filings, flax and thread tape residue and similar material can get stuck in pumps, valves and heat exchangers.

- Keep foreign bodies from entering the pipework.
- Do not leave pipe parts and connections directly on the ground.
- When deburring, make sure that no residue remains in the pipe.

/ CAUTION

Risk of injury due to refrigerant leakage!

Skin or eye contact with the refrigerant can cause frostbite. Risk of suffocation due to inhalation of gases/vapours.

- Always wear suitable protective gloves and goggles when working with refrigerant.
- Avoid skin or eye contact with the refrigerant.
- In case of skin or eye contact with the refrigerant, seek medical attention.
- ► Do not inhale gases/vapours.
- Ensure sufficient ventilation at the workplace.
- ► Install refrigerant pipes between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit according to the installation instructions of the outdoor unit.
- Mount connection sets (accessories) on the pipe as shown in figure 7.
- Push the connector onto the pipe up to the catch.
- Tighten union nut using a suitable tool.



Fig. 7 Assembly of the clamping ring screw fitting

- [1] Pipe
- [2] Pipe socket cap
- [3] Locking ring
- [4] O-ring (black for hydraulics)
- [5] Connection part
- Install piping for the heating system in the building up to the installation location of the indoor unit.
- Install insulated piping between the outdoor unit and indoor unit, keeping the length of the piping as short as possible.



4.5 Installing the pressure-relief valve

- ▶ Install the pressure-relief valve in the flow outside the indoor unit.
- Ensure the pressure relief valve drain pip is not exposed to potential freezing. Insulation may be required.



Fig. 8 Assembly of the pressure-relief valve

- [1] Water pressure relief valve
- [2] O-ring
- [3] Pressure-relief valve connector pipe
- [4] Retaining spring
- [5] Gasket

4.6 Installing the heating pump (optional)

(→Chapter 12.2, page 35)

Whether or not it is necessary to install a heating pump depends on the configuration of the heating system and the amount of system resistance.

- Select the heating pump based on the required pump flow rate and pressure loss.
- ▶ Observe the minimum volumetric flow rate (→Tab. 13, page 34).
- ► Install the bypass [1] between the flow [2] and return [3] (→Fig. 9), to hydraulically uncouple the heating pump from the heating circuit. Observe the prescribed dimensions and clearances during assembly (→Tab. 8).

Dimensions/clearances	Unit	Value
External diameter D	mm	22
Minimum bypass length L		
Straight version A	mm	200
U-shaped version B	mm	100
Maximum clearance between bypass and indoor unit	m	1.5

Table 8 Pipe diameter and bypass lengths



Fig. 9 Indoor unit with heating circuit and bypass

- [1] By-pass
- [2] Flow
- [3] Return



Fig. 10 Detailed view of bypass

[L] Minimum bypass length

[D] Pipe diameter



Fig. 11 By-pass

- [A] Bypass, straight design
- [B] Bypass, U-shaped design (total length including the elbow)

4.7 Maximum sensor

In some countries a high limit safety cut-out is required in underfloor heating circuits.

- ► Observe country-specific regulations.
- Establish connection as described in chapter 6.



4.8 Insulating the hydraulic pipework

Insulating the pipework inside the building

Risk of burning!

Contact with uninsulated piping can inflict burns to the skin.

Insulate all heat-conducting pipework using suitable thermal insulation according to applicable regulations.

Insulating the pipework outside the building

NOTICE

Material damage from frost!

In case of a power outage the water in the hydraulic pipework may freeze.

- Use insulation with a thickness of at least 19 mm for pipework outdoors.
- Use insulation with a thickness of at least 12 mm for pipework indoors.

5 Installation

5.1 Transport and storage

The indoor unit must always be transported in its packaging and stored in an upright position. The indoor unit can be provisionally tilted for transportation purposes if required.

After unpacking the indoor unit, do not place or set it down on the pipes or on the side panel.

• After unpacking the indoor unit, lay it down on the back panel.

Do not store or transport the indoor unit at temperatures below - 10 °C.

5.2 Unpacking

- Remove the packaging according to the instructions on the packaging.
- Take out enclosed accessories.
- Check that all package contents are present.

5.3 Indoor unit installation

5.3.1 Removing the cover

- To unlock the cover [1]:
- Unscrew the unlocking screw [2] on the underside of the indoor unit using a suitable tool.



Fig. 12 Unlock the cover

- [1] Cover of the indoor unit
- [2] Unlocking screw

To detach the cover [2] from the bottom fixing [1]:

▶ Pull the cover [2] on the underside slightly forwards.



Fig. 13 Detach the cover from the bottom fixing

- [1] Fixing on the underside
- [2] Cover of the indoor unit
- To detach the cover [2] from the top fixing [1]:
- Push the cover [2] slightly up.



Fig. 14 Detach the cover from the top fixing

- [1] Fixing on the top side
- [2] Cover of the indoor unit

NOTICE

Material damage due to tensile forces on the EMS cable!

The control unit in the cover is connected to the installer module via the EMS cable.

▶ Pay attention to the length of the EMS cable when removing the cover.

To remove the cover [1]:

- Pull the sides of the cover [1] slightly apart at the back (paying attention to the top cover) and pull the cover forwards.
- Detach the EMS cable from the [2] control unit.



Fig. 15 Removing the cover

- [1] Cover of the indoor unit
- [2] Control unit

5.3.2 Installing the indoor unit

Specifications:

• The pipework between the outdoor unit heat pump and the indoor unit must be as short as possible.

/I CAUTION

Risk of injury and material damage due to unsuitable fixing components!

If the fixing components used are unsuitable for the existing wall construction material, a permanent fixing cannot be guaranteed. The supplied wall plug is suitable for standard masonry and concrete.

- Use wall plugs that are suitable for the wall construction material.
- ► Install the mounting rail (scope of delivery) on a suitable wall using the drilling template (→Chapter 2.6).
- Hang the indoor unit centrally onto the mounting rail (\rightarrow Fig. 16).



Fig. 16 Hanging the indoor unit

• Insulate the pipework (\rightarrow Chapter 4.8).

5.3.3 Fitting the cover

To fit the top cover [1]:

- Connect the EMS cable to the control unit [2].
- Pull the sides of the cover [1] slightly apart at the back (paying attention to the top cover) and push the cover backwards.



- Fig. 17 Fitting the cover
- [1] Cover of the indoor unit
- [2] Control unit

To attach the cover [2] to the top fixing [1]:

▶ Push the cover [2] slightly down.



- Fig. 18 Attach the cover to the top fixing
- [1] Fixing on the top side
- [2] Cover of the indoor unit



To attach the cover [2] to the bottom fixing [1]:

Push the cover [2] on the underside slightly back.



Fig. 19 Attach the cover to the bottom fixing

- [1] Fixing on the underside
- [2] Cover of the indoor unit
- To lock the cover [1]:
- Screw in the locking screw [2] on the underside of the indoor unit using a suitable tool.



Fig. 20 Locking the cover

- [1] Cover of the indoor unit
- [2] Locking screw

5.4 Connecting the indoor unit to the outdoor unit

Risk of injury due to refrigerant leakage!

Skin or eye contact with the refrigerant can cause frostbite. Risk of suffocation due to inhalation of gases/vapours.

- Always wear suitable protective gloves and goggles when working with refrigerant.
- Avoid skin or eye contact with the refrigerant.
- In case of skin or eye contact with the refrigerant, seek medical attention.
- ► Do not inhale gases/vapours.
- Ensure sufficient ventilation at the workplace.

NOTICE

Residue in the pipework can damage the system.

Solids, metal/plastic filings, flux and thread tape residue and similar material can get stuck in pumps, valves and heat exchangers.

- Keep foreign bodies from entering the pipework.
- ► Do not leave pipe parts and connections directly on the ground.
- ► When deburring, make sure that no residue remains in the pipe.
- Before connecting the heat pump and indoor unit, rinse the pipe system to remove any foreign bodies.



NOTICE

Deformation due to heat!

If the temperature is too high, the insulation material in the indoor unit deforms.

- Do not solder the piping to the indoor unit.
- ► Use clamp couplings to connect the pipes to the outdoor unit if available.
- ► Size pipework as specified in the installation instructions for the outdoor unit.
- Connect the refrigerant line of the outdoor unit to the refrigerant inlet ► of the indoor unit.
- Connect the refrigerant line of the outdoor unit to the refrigerant ► outlet of the indoor unit.



Fig. 21 Connecting the indoor unit to the outdoor unit (schematic representation)

[1] Refrigerant outlet

[2] Refrigerant inlet



Fig. 22 Pump curves

Pressure [kPa] р

BOSCH

Head [m] Н

Q Volumetric flow rate [m³/h]

P1 Electrical power input [W]



5.5 Connecting the indoor unit to the external booster heater and heating system

NOTICE

Deformation due to heat!

If the temperature is too high, the insulation material in the indoor unit deforms.

- Do not solder the piping to the indoor unit.
- Use clamp couplings to connect the pipes to the outdoor unit if available.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage due to leaking connections!

Mechanical stresses in connecting pipework can result in leaks.

- Install connecting pipework without mechanical stresses at the connections on the boiler.
- Ensure that all connections are tight.

Establish the following connections at the indoor unit:

- Connect the return [3] from the heating system with particulate filter [1].
- Connect the flow [2] to the heating system.
- Connect the pipework from the external booster heater [4].
- Connect the pipework to the external booster heater [5].
- Route a drain hose on a slope to a frost-free drain.



Fig. 23 Connection of the indoor unit to the heating system and the booster heater (example representation with bypass and additional heating pump)

- [1] Particle filter
- [2] Flow to heating system
- [3] Return from the heating system
- [4] Flow to the auxiliary heater
- [5] Return to the auxiliary heater
- [6] DHW connection (combi boiler)

5.6 Fitting the outside temperature sensor

i

If the length of the temperature sensor cable outdoors is more than 15 m:

Use screened cable.

A temperature sensor cable that runs outdoors must satisfy the following requirements:

- Cable diameter: 0.5 mm²
- Resistance: max. 50 Ohm/km
- Number of conductors: 2
- Maximum length: 50 m
- Mount the sensor on the coldest side of the house (normally facing north).
 - Protect the sensor from direct solar radiation, draughts, etc.
 - In addition, the sensor must not be installed directly under the ceiling.

Fig. 24 Positioning the outside temperature sensor

5.7 Accessories

5.7.1 Mounting the flow temperature sensor

The installation of the flow temperature sensor TO depends on the design of the heating system.

No additional measures are required when the heating system is not equipped with a buffer cylinder or low loss header as the flow temperature sensor is already integrated into the indoor unit.

If the heating system is equipped with a buffer cylinder:

- ► Install the flow temperature sensor T0 at the buffer cylinder.
- Electrical power connection (\rightarrow Chapter 6.8.2).

Assembly downstream of the bypass or at the buffer cylinder

If the flow temperature sensor is installed outside the indoor unit on the buffer cylinder or downstream of the bypass (e.g. when using a heating circuit set), it must be removed from the indoor unit and extended using a suitable extension cable of corresponding length (H03VV-F $2x0.5 \text{ mm}^2$) (\rightarrow Chapter 6.8.2).

5.7.2 Installing the heating circuit module

In the delivery scope a heating circuit without mixer can be controlled via the controller.

If other heating circuits are to be installed, a heating circuit module is required for each heating circuit.

- Install the heating circuit module, mixer, heating pump and other components according to the selected system solution.
- Observe the relevant separate installation and operating instructions when installing and adjusting the components.
- Electrical connection (\rightarrow Chapter 6.8.3).

5.7.3 Room temperature-dependent controller

In the default setting, the controller automatically regulates the flow temperature depending on the outside temperature. A room temperature-dependent controller can be installed for greater comfort.

• Electrical connection (\rightarrow Chapter 6.8.4).

5.7.4 Installing the accessories for the cooling mode

NOTICE

Damage to the indoor unit due to condensation

The indoor unit with mixer is not designed to be used in cooling mode below the dew point.

Only use the indoor unit in cooling mode above the dew point.

For cooling operation, the installation of a dew point monitor (accessory) is absolutely essential.

- ► Install the dew point monitor on the flow pipe for the heating system (→ Figure 25).
- Electrical connection (\rightarrow Chapter 6.8.5).

Fig. 25 Dew point monitor position

- [1] Dew point monitor with cable
- [2] Plug, dew point monitor

A prerequisite for using the heating system in cooling mode is that a room thermostat is installed in the heating system to prevent condensate formation.

There are two installation options:

- Room thermostat with integrated dew point monitor sensor (CR10H or ModuLine 1010H).
- Room thermostat (CR10 or ModuLine 1010) in combination with dew point monitor sensor in the heating system.

i

Use of a CR10H or ModuLine 1010H room thermostat is recommended for non-condensing cooling mode.

Installing a room thermostat with integrated dew point monitor (humidity sensor) increases the reliability of cooling mode since the flow temperature in this case is automatically controlled via the control unit with reference to the current dew point.

- ► Installing the room thermostat with integrated Dew point humidity sensor (→ instructions of the room thermostat).
- ► Electrical connection (→Chapter 6.8.4).

If a room thermostat is used without an integrated dew point monitor (humidity sensor), an additional dew point monitor (humidity sensor) must be installed in the heating system.

- Fit the room thermostat in order to adjust the cooling mode of the heating system (→ observe instructions for the room thermostat).
- Electrical connection (\rightarrow Chapter 6.8.4).

5.7.5 Installation with swimming pool

NOTICE

Danger of faults!

If the swimming pool mixer is installed in the wrong location in the system, faults may occur. The swimming pool mixer must not be installed in the flow where it could block the pressure relief valve.

- Assemble the swimming pool mixer in the return to the indoor unit (as shown in the example image for swimming pool installation).
- Mount the tee in the flow from the indoor unit upstream of the bypass.
- Do not install the swimming pool mixer as heating circuit in the system.

i

A prerequisite for using the swimming pool heating is the installation of a swimming pool module (accessory).

- Installing the swimming pool (\rightarrow swimming pool instructions).
- ► Installing the swimming pool mixer.
- ► Insulate all pipes and connections.
- Install the pool module (\rightarrow Instructions for the pool module).
- ► Electrical connection (→Chapter 6.8.6).
- Set the elapsed time of the swimming pool diverter valve during commissioning (→ instructions for control unit).
- ► Make the necessary settings for the swimming pool mode (→ instructions for control unit).

Fig. 26 Example showing swimming pool installation

- [1] Swimming pool module
- [2] Swimming pool
- [VC1] Swimming pool mixer
- [HS] Heating system

5.7.6 Connect-Key K 30 RF

Connect-Key K 30 RF is a WLAN communication module for controlling and monitoring your heating system remotely. It is used as an interface between the heating system and the Internet.

For further information on how to use and install the Connect-Key K 30 RF, please read the installation manual of the accessory.

i

A WLAN router, internet connection and the **Bosch HomeCom Easy** app are required to use this product.

Installation on the wall:

Fig. 27 Placing the Connect-Key K 30 RF

When installing the holder for the Connect-Key K 30 RF on the wall:

- 1. Find a place next to the indoor unit that has sufficient signal quality to communicate to the WLAN router.
- 2. Drill the holes to fix the bracket on the wall. For that, use a suitable drill bit.
- 3. Screw on the bracket firmly to the wall.

The holder may also be placed on the side cover of the indoor unit using the holder's incorporated magnet.

6 Electrical connection

WARNING

Risk to life from electric shock!

Touching live electrical parts can cause an electric shock.

Before working on electrical parts, disconnect all phases of the power supply (fuse/circuit breaker) and lock the isolator switch to prevent unintentional reconnection.

WARNING

Danger to life from electric current!

Incorrectly connected electrical cables can result in faulty operation with potentially dangerous consequences.

- When making the electrical connections, refer to the connection diagrams for the individual devices and components.
- When performing maintenance, label all power cables before disconnecting them.

NOTICE

Material damage if the maximum current consumption is exceeded!

Short-term high (start-up) currents can can damage electrical components.

When connecting external components to the control unit, make sure that the sum of the individual power consumption (consider the power consumption of the boiler) does not exceed the maximum current consumption (→ control unit data plate).

i

Note the following when making electrical connections:

- Electrical work on heating systems must only be carried out by qualified electricians. If you are not suitably qualified, ask a licensed heating contractor/electrician to establish the electrical connection.
- Make sure that all system components are earthed or connected to the equipotential bonding (protective earth is a constituent part of the control unit used).
- Observe all local regulations!

i

Connect cables as shown in the connection diagrams (\rightarrow Chapter 12.4, page 40).

6.1 Connecting the device

Due to the IP rating IPX1D, the appliance must not be installed in protection zones 1 and 2.

Fig. 28 Protection zones

- [1] Protection zone 1, directly above the bath
- [2] Protection zone 2, within a radius of 60 cm from the bath/shower

6.2 Routing cables

NOTICE

Material damage due to damaged cables!

System damage may occur if cables are installed incorrectly or next to hot system components.

- Make sure cables are not pinched.
- Route all cables through cable feeds.

Fig. 29 Cable feeds

- [1] Cable feed for sensor, CAN BUS and EMS bus
- [2] Cable feed for mains power supply (230 V)

NOTICE

Material damage due to induced overvoltage!

Incorrectly installed cables can lead to induced overvoltages which can cause the control unit to malfunction or be damaged.

► Route 230 V cables and extra-low voltage cables separately.

i

EMS-BUS and CAN-BUS are not compatible.

▶ Do not connect EMS-BUS units to CAN-BUS units.

i

It must be possible to safely interrupt the power supply to the appliance.

- ► Install a separate safety switch that completely de-energizes the indoor unit.
- For a separate power supply, a safety switch is required for each supply line.
- In case a fixed appliance is not equipped with a power cable and plug or other means to shutdowwn from the power supply that has a contact opening width at each pole according to the conditions of overvoltage category III for full disconnection: Install the respective disconnecting device in the fixed electrical installation in accordance with the installation regulations.
- Select the appropriate conductor cross-sections and cable types for the respective fuse protection and routing method.
- Mount the enclosed terminals on the installation PCB.
- Connect the unit as shown in the connection diagram. No additional consumers may be connected.
- ▶ When changing the PCB, note the colour coding.

When extending temperature sensor cables, use the following conductor diameters:

- up to 20 m long cable: 0.75 to 1.50 mm²
- up to 30 m long cable: 1.0 to 1.50 mm²

6.3 Connecting the power supply

A cable of the type H05V2V2 F, $3x1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ which is 2.5 m in length is connected as standard to the mains power supply terminal (\rightarrow Fig. 30). Alternatively an on-site connection can be established using a suitable cable.

- ▶ Remove the cover (→Chapter 5.3.1, page 10).
- ► Feed connecting lead through the cable feed [2] into the appliance.
- Establish a permanent connection to the mains power supply in accordance with the locally applicable regulations.
- Connect the mains power supply via the mains power supply terminal on the retaining plate (→Fig. 30, [2]).

/ WARNING

Danger to life from electrical shock in the event of incorrectly connected cables!

Ensure correct polarity of the N and L cables.

- Establish clamp connection correctly.
- ► Fully tighten clamp connection.
- Do not use an adapter plug (push fit connections).
- Make sure the potentiometer setting is correct for hybrid application (P=3 and A=0) as shown in Fig. 30, [1]. If necessary, turn the direction arrow to the corresponding position with a screwdriver.

i

Fig. 30 Connecting the mains power supply and booster heater control cable

- [1] Rotary selector
- [2] Mains power supply terminal
- [3] Strain relief
- [4] External booster heater control cable terminal (volt free)
- [5] Strain relief

6.4 CAN-BUS

NOTICE

The system will be damaged if the 12 V- and the CAN-BUS connections are incorrectly connected!

The communication circuits are not designed for $12\,\text{V}$ constant voltage.

Check to ensure that the cables are connected to the contacts with the corresponding markings on the modules.

i

Accessories such as power guards which are to be connected to the CAN BUS, are connected to the installation module of the indoor unit parallel to the CAN BUS connection for the outdoor unit. They can also be connected in series with other CAN-BUS connected units.

The indoor and outdoor units are connected by a communication line CAN BUS, the CAN-BUS.

ALIYCY cable (TP) $2 \times 2 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (or equivalent) is a suitable for use as an extension cable outside the appliance. Alternatively, twisted pair cables approved for outdoor use with a minimum cross-section of 0.75 mm² can be used. In doing so, only earth the shielding on one side (indoor unit) and to the casing.

Electrical connection

The maximum permissible cable length is 30 m.

The connection is made with four wires, as the 12 V supply is also connected. The 12 V and CAN-BUS connections are marked on the modules.

The **"Term" changeover switch** identifies the start and end of CAN-BUS loops. Ensure that the correct modules are terminated and that all other modules are not terminated.

Fig. 31 Terminate CAN-BUS

- On CAN-BUS completed
- Off CAN-BUS not completed

6.5 Installation of the temperature sensor

In the default setting, the controller automatically regulates the flow temperature depending on the outside temperature. A room temperature-dependent controller can be installed for greater comfort.

6.6 Connecting the outside temperature sensor

If the length of the temperature sensor cable outdoors is more than 15 m, use a screened cable. The screened cable must be earthed in the indoor unit (functional earth). The maximum length of screened cable is 50 m.

A temperature sensor cable that runs outdoors must satisfy the following requirements:

- Cable diameter: 0.5 mm²
- Resistance: max. 50 ohm / km
- Number of conductors: 2
- Maximum length: 50 m
- Connect outside temperature sensor to terminal T1 (→ Chapter 12.4).

6.7 External booster heater (uncommon in UK market)

6.7.1 Connect the actuator of the external booster heater (e.g. floor standing boiler)

The external booster heater can be connected in two different ways:

Power control via 0-10V output:

Connect the external booster heater to the installer module at terminal **EMO 0-10 V** (→ Chapter 12.4, page 40 [29]).

i

With some heat generators, an additional module (e.g. MU100, accessory) must be installed to provide a 0-10 V input.

- or -

On/Off control (volt free output):

i

A relay contact is provided at connection terminal [2], which is potentialfree when volt free. The switching contact (open/closed) can be evaluated by an external booster heater via a signal line. For this purpose, a low or extra-low voltage must be fed from the external booster heater via the connection terminal [2]. Contact voltage: 0...230 V

Contact current: 0...0.1 A

- Route the control cable of type H05V2V2 F, 2x0.75 mm² [4] from ► the external booster heater through a free cable feed in the bottom panel (\rightarrow Fig. 29) to terminal [2].
- Connect the stripped ends of the cable to the terminal of the relay box ► and lock the terminal (\rightarrow Fig. 32 [2], [1] and Chapter 12.4, page 40)
- Secure the cable [4] via the strain relief [3]. ►

When there is heat demand from the external booster heater, the relay box establishes a zero volt connection between the contacts of the terminal.

Terminal on the relay box Fig. 32

- [1] Relay box
- [2] External booster heater control cable terminal (volt free)
- [3] Strain relief
- [4] External booster heater control cable

The mixing valve does not open immediately after the external booster heater is activated. A delay time for opening the mixing valve can be set at the control unit (\rightarrow Chapter 8.5.2).

Always set the delay time to 0 min for hybrid applications.

Possible cycling of the boiler is a normal procedure. A buffer cylinder can be installed if problems occur with the external auxiliary heater because the elapsed time is too short.

▶ For more information, contact the manufacturer of the external booster heater.

6.7.2 Connect the alarm signal for the external booster heater

Connection of the alarm signal depends on whether or not the external booster heater has a 230 V alarm output.

If the external booster heater is equipped with a 230 V alarm output:

Remove jumper between terminal 61 and 64 $(\rightarrow$ Chapter 12.4, page 40).

i

Connect 230 V alarm signal (AC) as shown in figure 33 to the installer module at terminal **FMO** (\rightarrow Chapter 12.4, page 40 [26]).

Fig. 33 Connection for external booster heater with 230 V alarm output

- If the external booster heater is not equipped with a 230 V alarm output:
- ▶ Connect alarm signal as shown in Fig. 34 to the installer module at terminal FMO .

Connection for external booster heater without 230 V alarm Fig. 34 output

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6.7.3 Solenoid valve for external auxiliary heater with volume control

When an external auxiliary heater with a volume control is used (primarily wall-mounted gas boilers with a low water volume), a solenoid valve must be installed in the feed line to the external auxiliary heater.

The solenoid valve is installed in such a way that:

- · The start of the heating circuit pump of the boiler opens the valve
- The stop of the heating pump of the boiler closes the valve

Depending on the sensitivity of the volume control, a fast motorised valve can also be used to lower the noise level.

In the case of boilers without volume control (as e.g. most conventional gas boilers that stand on the ground), this function is not necessary.

6.8 Accessories

6.8.1 EMS BUS

EMS-BUS for accessories

The following applies for accessories that are connected to the EMS BUS (see also the installation instructions for the respective accessories):

- ► If several BUS units are installed, there must be a minimum spacing of 100 mm between them.
- If several BUS units are installed, connect them in series or in a star configuration.
- ► Use cable with a minimum cross-section of 0.5 mm².
- In case of external inductive interferences (e.g. from PV systems), use screened cables. Only earth the shielding to the casing on one side (functional earth).
- Connect the cable on the installation module to terminal EMS BUS.

If a component is already connected to the EMS terminal, establish the connection in parallel to the same terminal according to figure 35.

 Use wire ferrules to ensure that the individual wires remain in the clamping points.

Fig. 35 EMS BUS connection on the installer module

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Connection alternative for EMS bus

Fig. 36 Connection alternative for EMS bus

[A] Star configuration and connection in series with external junction box

- [B] Star configuration
- [C] Serial connection
- [1] Installation circuit board
- [2] Accessory modules (room temperature-dependent controller, heating circuit module and solar module)

6.8.2 Connect the flow temperature sensor

The connection of the flow temperature sensor depends on the design of the heating system.

If the heating system is equipped with a buffer cylinder:

- ► Disconnect the flow temperature sensor in the indoor unit from connection T0 (→ Chapter 12.4).
- Connect flow temperature sensor of the buffer cylinder to connection T0 (→ Chapter 12.4).

No additional measures are required when the heating system is not equipped with a buffer cylinder as the flow temperature sensor has already been connected in the indoor unit.

Assembly downstream of the bypass or at the buffer cylinder

If the flow temperature sensor is installed outside the indoor unit on the buffer cylinder or downstream of the bypass, it must be completely removed from the indoor unit (\rightarrow Fig. 37) and if necessary extended using a suitable extension cable (H03VV-F 2x0.5 mm²) of corresponding length, as described below (\rightarrow Fig. 38).

- Removing the front panel
- ▶ Unplug the plug on the TO connection
- ► Remove the clip on the flow pipe
- ► Take the flow temperature sensor with cable out of the wiring harness in the enclosure.
- Remove the plug from the cable (\rightarrow Fig. 38).
- ► Install the plug on the extension cable (→Fig. 38) and plug into the T0 connection.
- ► Route the extension cable through the cable feeds in the enclosure and through an available cable feed in the base of the enclosure to the outside (→Chapter 12.4).
- Connect the extension cable to the cable of the temperature sensor using a connection terminal (→Fig. 38).

Fig. 37 Remove the flow temperature sensor with cable

- [1] Flow temperature sensor with cable
- [2] Plug on the TO connection
- [3] Clip on the flow pipe

Fig. 38 Extending the flow sensor cable

- [1] Flow temperature sensor with cable
- [2] Connection terminal
- [3] Extension cable
- [4] Plug, T0 connection

6.8.3 Connecting the heating circuit module

Connect the heating circuit module to the connection EMS (→ Chapter 12.4 on page 40).

If an accessory is already connected at the EMS connection:

Connect heating circuit modules at the EMS connection parallel to the accessory which is already installed (→ Chapter 12.4 on page 40).

6.8.4 Room temperature-dependent controller

i

For cooling operation, the connection of a room temperature-dependent controller is absolutely essential.

i

The relay output **PK2** (\rightarrow Chapter 12.4, page 40) is active during cooling operation and can be used to control a fan-assisted convector heater or a recirculation pump in the cooling circuit.

As an option, underfloor heating circuits in damp areas (e.g. bathroom or kitchen) can be controlled via the indoor unit.

• Connect the control of the respective appliance to connection **PK2**.

i

With the installation of a room thermostat in addition to the EMS connection, note:

 Use wire ferrules to ensure that the individual wires remain in the clamping points.

Room thermostat with integrated dew point monitor (humidity sensor) (CR10H or ModuLine 1010H; recommended)

When installing a room thermostat with integrated dew point monitor:

Connect the room thermostat to the connection EMS (→ Chapter 12.4 on page 40).

If an accessory is already connected at the EMS connection:

Connect the room thermostat at the connection EMS parallel to the accessory which is already installed (→ Chapter 6.8.1 on page 23).

Room thermostat without integrated dew point monitor (humidity sensor) (CR10 or ModuLine 1010)

When installing a room thermostat without integrated dew point monitor:

Connect the room thermostat to the connection EMS (→ Chapter 12.4 on page 40).

If an accessory is already connected at the EMS connection:

Connect the room thermostat at the connection EMS parallel to the accessory which is already installed (→ Chapter 6.8.1 on page 23).

6.8.5 Connecting the dew point monitor

i

For cooling operation, the installation of a dew point monitor (accessory) is absolutely essential.

Connect the dew point monitor to the connection MK2 (→ Chapter 12.4 on page 40).

6.8.6 Connecting the swimming pool mixer

Connect the swimming pool mixer to the EMS connection (→ Chapter 12.4 on page 40 [6]).

If an accessory is already connected at the EMS connection:

Connect the swimming pool mixer to the EMS connection parallel to the accessory which is already installed (→ Chapter 6.8.1 on page 23).

6.8.7 Connecting MB LAN 2

The MB LAN 2 serves as interface between the heating system and a network (LAN).

The MB LAN 2 can be used to control and monitor the heating system via a mobile phone.

To be able to use the MB LAN 2, the following prerequisites must be met:

- Internet access is available.
- The RJ45 output of the router is available.
- The corresponding app is installed on the mobile phone.

i

Additional costs may be incurred when using the Internet access for the MB LAN 2.

- Connect the MB LAN 2 to the following connections:
 - Power supply for MB LAN 2 12 V
 - EMS

(→Chapter 12.4 on page 40 [3 and 6])

If an accessory is already connected at the EMS connection:

Connect the MB LAN 2 to the EMS connection parallel to the accessory which has already been installed (→ Chapter 6.8.1 on page 23).

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6.8.8 External connections

NOTICE

Material damage due to incorrect connection!

The electrical components may become damaged if connected to the wrong voltage or current.

- Only make connections that are adapted for 5 V and 1 mA to the external connections of the indoor unit.
- ► If coupling relays are required, only use relays with gold contacts.

The external inputs 11 and 14 can be used for remote control of individual control unit functions.

Functions which are activated via the external inputs are described in the instructions for the control unit.

The external input is either connected to a manual switch or a control device with a 5 V relay output.

7 Commissioning

7.1 Filling and venting the heating system

NOTICE

The system will be damaged if it is turned on without water.

The system may be damaged if it is turned on without water.

- Fill the DHW cylinder and heating system before turning on the heating system, and establish the correct pressure.
- i

Hydraulic diagram of the indoor unit \rightarrow Fig. 44, page 35

Filling the heating system

- Interrupt the power supply to the outdoor unit, indoor unit and external booster heater.
- Activate automatic air vent valve by unscrewing the screw a couple of turns to loosen it, without completely removing it.
- Open all valves in the heating system.
- If installed, activate the other automatic air vent valves in the heating system.
- Ensure flow rate at the particulate filter, open ball valve if required.
- ► Slowly fill the heating system via an external booster heater.

Operating pressure

1.2-1.5 bar	Minimum charge pressure. Fill the system to a pressure of 0.2–0.5 bar above the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel when the heatir system is cold.	
3 bar	Maximum charge pressure at maximum heating water temperature: must not be exceeded (the pressure relief valve will open).	

Table 9 Operating pressure

- If the pressure does not remain constant, check whether the heating system and the expansion vessel are tight.
- Reconnect the power supply to the outdoor unit, indoor unit and external booster heater.

Venting the heating system

Select the menu item Activating function checks in the service menu of the indoor unit to start the ventilation program.

Alternative:

- ► Select the menu item DHW circ. pump: ON/OFF in the service menu.
- Switch the DHW circulation pump of the indoor unit on and off cyclically with a speed of 100%.
- If installed, switch other DHW circulation pumps in the heating system cyclically on and off.
- Check the operating pressure and top up water if necessary until the required pressure in the heating system has been reached.
- Vent the system via other air vent valves of the heating system (e.g. radiators).
- Repeat steps 1 to 4 until the heating system has been vented.
- Clean the particulate filter.

7.2 Operation without outdoor unit (Stand-alone mode and chimney sweep mode)

The indoor unit can be brought into operation without the outdoor unit connected, for example when the outdoor unit is installed later. This is referred to as **Stand-alone mode** or stand-alone operation.

In **Stand-alone mode**, the indoor unit uses the external booster heater exclusively for heating and for DHW heating.

If the indoor unit and the heating system are filled before the outdoor unit is connected, circulation of the heat transfer medium must be ensured:

- Connect the heat transfer medium input and output.
- Open all shut-off valves in the heat transfer medium circuit.

Commissioning in individual operation:

In the service menu Heat pump, set the option Stand-alone mode (→Control unit manual).

i

The setting **Stand-alone mode** is also required for **chimney sweep mode**!

- ► In the service menu Heat pump, set the option Stand-alone mode (→Control unit manual).
- Once the work in chimney sweep mode is complete, reset the setting.

7.3 Function test

7.3.1 Operating temperatures

The operating temperature check must be performed in heating mode (not in DHW or cooling mode).

For optimum system operation, the flow rate in the heat pump and heating system must be monitored. This check should be performed after 10 minutes heat pump operating time and during high compressor heating output.

The temperature differential for the heat pump must be set for the different heating systems.

- ▶ With underfloor heating system: set a temperature difference of 5 K.
- With radiators: set a temperature difference of 8 K.

These settings are optimal for the heat pump.

Check the temperature differential at high compressor heating output:

- Open the diagnosis menu.
- Select Monitored values.
- Select Heat pump.

Settings

- Select Temperatures.
- Read the primary flow temperature (heat transfer medium off, sensor TC3) and return temperature (heat transfer medium on, sensor TC0) in heating mode. The flow temperature must be higher than the return temperature.
- ► Calculate the difference TC3-TC0.
- Check whether the difference corresponds to the delta value set for heating mode.

If the temperature differential is too large:

- ► Vent the heating system.
- Clean filters / strainers.
- Check pipe dimensions.

i

The compressor is preheated before starting. This can take up to 2 hours, depending on the outdoor temperature. The prerequisite for starting is that the value recorded by the temperature sensor of the compressor (TR1) is 10 K higher than the temperature sensor at the supply air terminal device (TL2). The temperatures are displayed in the diagnosis menu of the control unit.

- Test active components of the system.
- Check whether the start condition for the heat pump has been satisfied.
- Check if there is a heating or hot water demand.

-or-

- ► Draw off DHW or increase the heating curve to generate demand (→ instructions for control unit).
- Check whether the heat pump starts.
- Make sure that no alarms are currently active.

-or-

- Troubleshooting.
- ► Check the operating temperatures (→ instructions for the control unit).

8 Settings

i

The user guide for the control unit contains a comprehensive description of all functions and settings

The user interface serves the separate control of the indoor unit.

i

The functional scope and thus the menu structure of the user interface are determined by the structure of the system. The adjustment ranges, default settings and functional scope may differ from the information in these instructions, depending on the system installed at the site. For example, functions for DHW heating are not activated on the user interface of the indoor unit.

Certain menu items are specific to certain countries and are only displayed if the country in which the heat pump is installed has been set accordingly.

Depending on the software version of the control unit, the texts shown in the display may differ from the texts in this manual.

8.1 Overview of control elements and symbols

Fig. 39 Control elements

- [1] **fav** key: calls up the favourites menu
- [2] **extra DHW** key: starts extra DHW charging
- [3] **DHW** key: set the operating mode for DHW heating
- [4] **menu** key: main menu (press briefly)
- [5] **info** key: info menu or further information about the current selection
- [6] key: returns to previous menu or discards a value (press briefly); returns to the standard display (hold down)
- [7] Selector: select (turn) and confirm (press)

i

If the display lighting is off, only the lighting goes on when the selector is pressed for the first time. When the selector is turned and another control element is pressed at the same time, the lighting is switched on in addition to the effect described. The descriptions of the steps to be carried out by the operator in these instructions always assume that the lighting is activated. If no control element is actuated, the lighting turns off automatically (after approx. 30 s with the standard display, after approx. 30 min in the menu, after 24 h in the event of a fault).

Fig. 40 Symbols in the standard display (example display)

i

The standard display refers only to the displayed heating circuit. Changing the required room temperature in the standard display only affects the heating circuit displayed.

Item	Symbol	Explanation
1	20.°c	 Value display (current temperature): Room temperature if a remote control is installed for the actual heating circuit. Heat source temperature if there are no remote control installed.
2	-	Info line: display of time of day, day of the week and date.
3	Ι Ω 8.°°	Additional temperature display: outside temperature, temperature of the solar collector or a DHW system.
	♣ ■∎□□	For ventilation: display of the ventilation level.
	∠ Å ■□□□	For ventilation: frost protection (reduced ventilation).
4	_	Text information: e.g. the designation of the temperature currently displayed (\rightarrow Fig. 40, [1]). If a fault is present, corresponding information will be displayed here until the fault has been rectified.
5	~ 0	The key block is active (hold down the DHW key and selector to activate or deactivate the key block).

Item	Symbol	Explanation				
6	*	Solar circulation pump is in operation.				
	-	DHW heating is active				
		DHW thermal disinfection active				
	Ť	Extra DHW active				
	÷۳	Pool heating active				
	ш	Heating active				
	攀	Cooling active				
	4×	Energy supplier interruption				
	((-))	External input active (remote)				
	Ô	Holiday mode active				
	Θ	Time program active				
	A	Smart grid function active				
	<u></u>	Screed drying active				
	4.	Electric booster heater active				
	4_	Power guard active				
	□ \$	Additional heat source active				
	*	Defrost function active				
	0	Compressor (Heat pump) active				
	G))	An IP-module is installed and communication to the server is active.				
7	Op. mode	Operating mode: [Optimised operation] no time program active.				
		Operating mode: [Program 1] [Program 2] automatic mode active (according to time program) for displayed heating circuit.				
	*	Operating mode: heating mode active.				
	C	Operating mode: setback mode active.				

Table 10 Symbols in the display

8.2 Faults

You can find an overview of the faults that can appear on the display on our Internet page, which can be found at the address on the back of these instructions.

8.3 General commissioning of the user interface

- 1. Do proper coding of the accessory modules (observe instructions of the modules).
- 2. Switch on the system.
- 3. If installed, commission the remote room control (observe the operating instructions of the remote room control).
- 4. Once the user interface HPC 410 is connected to the power supply, the **Language** menu appears on the display. Make adjustments by turning and pressing the selector.
- 5. Set the language. The display changes to the **Date** menu.
- Set the date and confirm with Next. The display changes to the Time menu.
- Set the time and confirm with Next. The display changes to the Country information menu.
- 8. Set the country and confirm. The display changes to the **Buffer cyl.** menu.
- Select Yes if a buffer cylinder is installed and confirm. Otherwise select No and confirm¹⁾.
 - The display changes to the **Configuration wizard** menu.
- 10.Start the configuration wizard with Yes (or skip with No).
- 11.Check and, if necessary, adjust the settings in the service menu and perform configuration of specific modules (e.g. solar).
- 12.Remedy warning and fault displays, if necessary, and reset fault history.
- 13.Name heating circuits (\rightarrow operating instructions).
- 14.System handover (\rightarrow Chapter 8.4).

8.4 System handover

- Enter the contact details of the responsible contractor in the Diagnosis > Maintenance > Contact addr. menu, e.g. company name, phone number and address or e-mail address.
- Explain to the customer how the user interface and the accessories work and how to operate them.
- ► Inform the customer about the selected settings.

8.5 Service menu

8.5.1 Menu: Set additional heater

Make the additional heater general settings in this menu. These settings are only available if the system is designed and configured accordingly and the type of appliance used supports this setting.

menu item	Control range: Function description
Gen. additional	These settings are valid for all types of additional heaters.
heater settings	[Additional heater on delay]:
	10 300 1000 K x min
	The additional heater is switched on after a set delay. The
	delay is depending on time and deviation from desired flow
	temperature.
	[Mode after EVU block]:
	[Comfort]: The heat pump is allowed to start immediately
	after the blocking period.
	[ECO]: The heat pump is allowed start with a delay after
	the blocking period.
	[Auxiliary heater only]: [Yes] [No]:
	This setting specifies whether the additional heater should
	be the only heat source or not.
	[Switch off add. heater]: [Yes] [No]:
	This setting specifies whether the heat pump should be the
	only heat source or not. If blocking is selected the
	additional heater will still be available during extra DHW,
	thermal disinfection or alarm operation.
	[Max. add. heater temp.]: This setting specifies whether
	the additional heater should be blocked or limited while the
	heat pump is running close to its maximum flow
	temperature. The setting is activated by selecting and
	setting the offset.
	[Maximum limit]: Below this offset from the flow
	temperature the additional heater is blocked.
	[Limit start]: Below this offset from the flow temperature
	the additional heater is limited.

Table 11 Settings in the additional heater data menu

8.5.2 Menu: Auxiliary heater with mixer

Make the mixed auxiliary heater specific settings in this menu. These settings are only available if the system is designed and configured accordingly and the type of appliance used supports this setting.

Menu item	Control range: Function description		
Mixed aux. heat.	[230V] The mixed additional heater is controlled by on/o		
conn	signal.		
	[0-10V] The mixed additional heater is controlled based		
	on power demand.		
Delay time for	[0120] min: Set the delay for opening of the mixing valve		
mixer	to allow the auxiliary heater to preheat.		
Mixer run time	[1 120 6000] s: Set the runtime for the mixing valve to		
	go from one end point to the other.		
Alarm input logic	[Open contact] [Closed contact]: Set if the auxiliary		
	heater has a "NO" or "NC" output for the alarm.		
Outs. temp par.	[-2020] °C: The auxiliary heater is allowed to start in		
mode ¹⁾	parallel operation below the set outdoor temperature.		
Bival. pt. parallel			
mode ²⁾			
Outdr temp switch	[-2020] °C: The auxiliary heater is allowed to start and		
mod ¹⁾	the heat pump is blocked below the set outdoor		
Bival. pt. switch	temperature (Alternating operation).		
mode ²⁾			
Add. heater DHW	[Yes] [No]: Choose if the DHW cylinder has an electric		
cylinder	additional heater installed. [Yes] means that it can be		
	activated when required.		

1) Not available if Germany is set as country.

2) Only available if Germany is set as country.

Table 12 Settings in the auxiliary heater data menu

The buffer cylider option is not available for Air/Water indoor units with integrated buffer cylinder (AWMB).

8.6 Cooling mode

NOTICE

Damage to the indoor unit due to condensation

The indoor unit with mixer is not designed to be used in cooling mode below the dew point.

- Only use the indoor unit in cooling mode above the dew point.
- Set the minimum set flow temperature to at least 17 °C.
- ► Make the necessary settings for cooling mode in the service menu (→ instructions for control unit, Heating circuit settings section).

8.7 Adjusting the room temperature-dependent controller

- ► Install the room temperature-dependent controller according to the instructions (→ separate Installation and Operating Instructions).
- Set the room temperature-dependent controller as remote control Fb (→separate Installation and Operating Instructions).
- Set the room temperature-dependent controller as control unit for heating circuit 1 (→separate Installation and Operating Instructions).
- ► Make the room temperature settings (→ separate Installation and Operating Instructions).

9 Maintenance

/ WARNING

Danger to life from electric shock!

Touching live electrical parts can cause an electric shock.

Before working on electrical parts, disconnect all phases of the power supply of the entire heating system (fuse/miniature circuit breaker) and secure to prevent unintentional reconnection.

NOTICE

Deformation due to heat!

If the temperature is too high, the insulation (EPP) in the indoor unit deforms.

- When carrying out brazing work in the heat pump, protect the insulation with a heat resistant cloth or damp cloth.
- Only use genuine spare parts!
- Refer to the spare parts list when ordering spare parts.
- Replace removed gaskets and O-rings with new ones.

The tasks described below must be carried out during an inspection.

Display activated alarm

- Check the alarm log (\rightarrow instructions for the control device).
- General work
- Check that the heating system is generally in proper working order.
- ▶ Perform a visual inspection and function check of the heating system.
- Check all pipes for signs of corrosion and leaks.
- ► Replace any corroded pipework.
- Check the system for unusual noises.
- During the annual inspection, check the correct function of all regulating, control and safety equipment and, where applicable, for correct settings.

Function test

• Carry out function check (\rightarrow Chap. 7.3).

9.1 Draining the heating system

The heating system must be drained when replacing hydraulic components (e.g. DHW circulation pump) (\rightarrow Chapter 2.3).

- Interrupt the power supply to the outdoor unit, indoor unit and external booster heater.
- Close all valves in the heating system.
- Close all automatic air vent valves in the heating system.
- Interrupt the flow at the particulate filter, close ball valve if necessary.
- Connect a hose to the drain valve of the heating system and route the other end to a drain.
- Open the drain valve.
- Wait until no more water flows into the drain.
 When water no longer flows, the indoor unit is empty.

9.2 Replacing components

- Interrupt the power supply to the outdoor unit, indoor unit and external booster heater.
- Drain the heating system (\rightarrow Chapter 9.1).
- When replacing temperature sensors, make sure they are connected correctly during installation (→Fig. 9.2 and 49).
- ► Replace component (→instructions for component).
- ► Fill and vent heating system (→Chapter 7.1).
- Restore the power supply to the indoor and outdoor unit.

9.2.1 Replacing the pump

- Interrupt the power supply to the outdoor unit, indoor unit and external booster heater.
- Drain the heating system (\rightarrow Chapter 9.1).
- ▶ Remove the hood (→Chapter 5.3.1).
- ► Allow the system to cool and depressurise it.
- Pull off 2 plugs (power supply and signal) on the pump (\rightarrow Fig. 41).
- ► Remove the lock screw and pull the locking plate forwards and out (→Fig. 42).

NOTICE

Damaged and leaking connector pipes!

The screw fittings and connector pipes may be damaged if excessive torques are applied when loosening and tightening the union nuts.

- ► Use a suitable tool.
- Counterhold at the coupling points.
- Perform the disassembly and assembly correctly.
- ► Undo union nuts at the pump then remove the pump and gaskets (→Fig. 43). As you do so, counterhold at the coupling points using a suitable tool.
- Insert new pump with new gaskets and fit union nuts on the pump.

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Tighten the union nuts by hand then use a tool to turn them by approx. $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathscr{H}}}$ revolution.

- ► Fit locking plate.
- Connect cables.
- ▶ Fill and vent heating system (\rightarrow Chapter 7.1).
- ► Carry out tightness test.
- Restore the power supply to the indoor and outdoor unit.

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Fig. 41 Unplug the plug

- [1] Plug for PWM signal
- [2] Plug for power supply

Fig. 42 Remove locking plate

Fig. 43 Undo union nuts

9.2.2 Replacing the temperature sensor

 Interrupt the power supply to the outdoor unit, indoor unit and external booster heater.

NOTICE

Malfunction of the system!

The heating system could malfunction if the temperature sensor is connected incorrectly or swapped round.

- Do not swap the temperature sensor round (\rightarrow Chapter 9.2).
- Establish electrical connection correctly (\rightarrow Chapter 12.4).

10 Environmental protection and disposal

Environmental protection is a fundamental corporate strategy of the Bosch Group.

The quality of our products, their economy and environmental safety are all of equal importance to us and all environmental protection legislation and regulations are strictly observed.

We use the best possible technology and materials for protecting the environment taking account of economic considerations.

Packaging

Where packaging is concerned, we participate in country-specific recycling processes that ensure optimum recycling.

All of our packaging materials are environmentally compatible and can be recycled.

Used appliances

Used appliances contain valuable materials that can be recycled. The various assemblies can be easily dismantled. Synthetic materials are marked accordingly. Assemblies can therefore be sorted by composition and passed on for recycling or disposal.

Old electrical and electronic appliances

This symbol means that the product must not be disposed of with other waste, and instead must be taken to the waste collection points for treatment, collection, recycling and disposal.

The symbol is valid in countries where waste electrical and electronic equipment regulations apply, e.g. "(UK) Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2013 (as amended)". These regulations define the framework for the return and recycling of old electronic appliances that apply in each country.

As electronic devices may contain hazardous substances, it needs to be recycled responsibly in order to minimize any potential harm to the environment and human health. Furthermore, recycling of electronic scrap helps preserve natural resources.

For additional information on the environmentally compatible disposal of old electrical and electronic appliances, please contact the relevant local authorities, your household waste disposal service or the retailer where you purchased the product.

You can find more information here: www.weee.bosch-thermotechnology.com/

Batteries

Batteries must not be disposed together with your household waste. Used batteries must be disposed of in local collection systems.

11 Data Protection Notice

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12 Appendix

12.1 Technical data

	Unit	CS3400iAW 4 OR-S	CS3400iAW 6 OR-S	CS3400iAW 8 OR-S
Electrical details				
Power infeed	V		230 ¹⁾	
Fuse size (recommended), class gL/C			10	
Connected load	kW		0.1	
Connecting refrigerant line heat pump				
Connection refrigerant, liquid	inch		1/4 (external diameter)	
Connection refrigerant, gaseous	inch		5/8 (external diameter)	
Heating system				
Type of connection (heating flow, heating return and flow/return of the booster heater)	mm		22 (external diameter)	
Connection with accessory connection kit (heating supply)	inch		1 (male thread)	
Connection with accessory connection kit (heating return)	inch		3/4 (external thread)	
Connection with accessory connection kit (flow/return of the booster heater)		3/4 (external thread)		
Maximum operating pressure	kPa/bar	300/3		
Minimum permissible operating pressure		120/1.2		
Expansion Vessel	I		Not integrated	
Nominal flow (underfloor heating system)	l/s	0.20	0.30	0.39
Max. externally available pressure at nominal flow (underfloor heating)		72	58	41 ²⁾
Nominal flow (radiators)	l/s	0.13	0.19	0.26
Max. externally available pressure at nominal flow (radiators)	kPa	75	72	65
Minimum flow (during defrosting) ³⁾	L/min		15	
Minimum/maximum water operating temperature (cooling ⁴⁾ / heating mode) ⁵⁾	°C		17/80	
Pump type PC0		Gr	undfos UPM2K 25-75 PV	VM
General				
IP rating			IPX1D	
Dimensions (width x depth x height)			350 x 246 x 706	
Weight		22		
Sound pressure level		41		
Permissible ambient temperature	C°	+5+35		
Maximum possible installation altitude of boiler above sea level	m	2000		

1) 230 V 1N~ AC 50 Hz. The outdoor unit must have a separate power supply.

2) An external circulation pump must be considered in the installation.

3) If the minimum flow rate in the system cannot be ensured, a buffer cylinder is essential.

4) If cooling is available.

5) External auxiliary heater must be connected.

Table 13 Technical data

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The outdoor unit and the indoor unit may only be installed according to the manufacturer's official system solutions.

Deviating system solutions are impermissible. Liability is voided in the case of damage and problems resulting from impermissible installation.

The indoor unit is prepared to work without bypass/buffer if the volume and minimum flow declared in chapter 12.1 are permanently met and if the pressure drop in the circuit is below the pressure available from the circulation pump as stated in table 13.

Fig. 44 Hydraulic diagram of the indoor unit

- [1] External booster heater
- [2] Water pressure relief valve
- [3] TO flow temperature sensor at the outlet of the buffer cylinder (installed here instead of on buffer cylinder if buffer cylinder is not installed)
- TC1 flow temperature sensor [4]
- [5] Mixing valve
- [6] Automatic ventilation
- [7] TC3 temperature sensor outlet plate heat exchanger
- [8] Pressure sensor hot gas refrigerant inlet plate heat exchanger
- [9] TCO return temperature sensor
- [10] Temperature sensor liquid refrigerant outlet plate heat exchanger
- [11] PC0 heating circuit recirculation pump
- [12] Particulate filter (filter shut-off valve; accessory)
- Outdoor Unit [13]
- [14] Heating installation

System solutions 12.3

The outdoor unit and the indoor unit may only be installed according to the manufacturer's official system solutions.

Deviating system solutions are impermissible. Liability is voided in the case of damage and problems resulting from impermissible installation.

The indoor unit is prepared to work without bypass/buffer if the volume and minimum flow declared in chapter 4.3 are permanently met and if the pressure drop in the circuit is below the pressure available from the circulation pump as stated in table 14.

Some system configurations require accessories (buffer cylinder, 3-way valve, mixing valve, DHW circulation pump). If a heating circulation pump (PC1) is installed, this is controlled by the controller in the indoor unit.

The following table shows different system solutions:

Heat distribution system	Type of valves in system	Outdoor unit	Open system size (I)	External auxiliary heater on/off	System solution
UF heating/ Fan coils	No auto control valves	CS3400iAW 4 OR-S	<13	-	Buffer ¹⁾
	or on/off valves with open circuits		13<35	External auxiliary heater on	Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
				External auxiliary heater off	Buffer ¹⁾
			>35	-	Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
	On/off valves with no open circuits		-	-	Buffer ¹⁾
	No open circuits and differential pressure		-	-	Serial buffer ¹⁾
UF heating/ Fan coils	No auto control valves	CS3400iAW 6-8 OR-S	<27	-	Buffer ³⁾
	or on/off valves with open circuits		27<40	External auxiliary heater on	Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
				External auxiliary heater off	Buffer ³⁾
			>40		Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
	On/off valves with no open circuits		-		Buffer ³⁾
	No open circuits and differential pressure	•	-		Serial buffer ³⁾
Radiators	No auto control valves	CS3400iAW 4 OR-S	<4	-	Buffer ⁴⁾
	or on/off valves with open circuits		4<13	External auxiliary heater on	Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
				External auxiliary heater off	Buffer ⁴⁾
			>13	-	Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
	On/off valves with no open circuits		-	-	Buffer ⁴⁾
	No open circuits and differential pressure		-	-	Serial buffer ⁴⁾
Radiators	No auto control valves	CS3400iAW 6-8 OR-S	<10	-	Buffer ⁵⁾
	or on/off valves with open circuits		10<15	External auxiliary heater on	Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
				External auxiliary heater off	Buffer ⁵⁾
			>15	-	Direct system ²⁾ or bypass
	On/off valves with no open circuits		-	-	Buffer ⁵⁾
	No open circuits and differential pressure		-	-	Serial buffer ⁵⁾

1) Buffer size must be more than 35I.

2) Direct system only if minimum volume and flow are permanetly met.

3) Buffer size must be more than 40l.

4) Buffer size must be more than 13l.

5) Buffer size must be more than 15l.

Table 14 System solutions for underfloor heating, fan coils and radiators

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If an external auxiliary heater does not have an integrated pump, a pump must be installed externally.

Install flange heating in the DHW cylinder in the following situation:

- External auxiliary heater (floor standing boiler) has a large water volume.
- ► Thermal disinfection is required

This measure reduces costs and keeps the large volume of the boiler from being heated to temperature purely for thermal disinfection purposes.

When a freshwater station is installed, it must have its own control.

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Hydraulic diagram heating system

Fig. 45 Hydraulic diagram of a system (1 heating circuit, without bypass; example)

- [1] External booster heater
- [2] Indoor Unit
- [3] Outdoor Unit

Fig. 46 *Hydraulic diagram of a system (1 heating circuit, with bypass and heating pump), with bypass and heating pump; example)*

- [1] External booster heater
- [2] Indoor Unit
- [3] Outdoor Unit
- [4] Additional heating pump
- [5] Bypass (\rightarrow Chapter 4.6, page 9)

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Fig. 47 Hydraulic diagram of a system (2 heating circuits, with bypass and heating pump; example)

- [1] External booster heater
- [2] Indoor Unit
- [3] Outdoor Unit
- [4] Additional heating pump (heating circuit 1)
- [5] Bypass (\rightarrow Chapter 4.6, page 9)
- [6] Heating pump (heating circuit 2)
- [7] Mixing valve (heating circuit 2)

Fig. 48 Hydraulic diagram of a system (2 heating circuits, with cylinder; example)

- [1] External booster heater
- [2] Indoor Unit
- [3] Outdoor Unit
- [4] Buffer cylinder

12.4 Installer module

Fig. 48 Connection diagram of installer module

- [1] A and P encoders
- [2] Connectivity gateway (accessory)
- CAN-BUS to outdoor unit [3]
- CAN termination switch [4]
- [5] Alarm of the external auxiliary heater (230V ~ input)
- [6] Power supply, 230 V~
- [7] Fuse 5x20, 6.3A time lag
- [T0] Heating circuit flow temperature sensor
- [T1] Outside temperature sensor
- [TW1] DHW temperature sensor
- [TC0] Return temperature sensor
- [TC1] Flow temperature sensor
- [TC3] Condenser temperature sensor
- [I1] External input 1
- [I4] External input 4
- [TR3] Refrigerant liquid temperature
- [MD1]Condensation sensor(s)
- [Buzzer] Alarm buzzer (accessory)
- [EMO] Request for external auxiliary heater (on/off)
- [PC0 PWM]PWM signal, primary circulation pump

- [JR1] Refrigerant gas pressure sensor
- [VM0] Open/closed mixing valve
- [EW1]Request for external auxiliary heater in DHW cylinder
- [PW2]DHW circulation pump
- [EA1] Heating cable (outdoor unit accessory)
- [PK2] Relay output, cooling mode, 230 V~
- [VW1]DHW 3-way diverter valve
- [PC1] Heating circulation pump
- [PC0] Primary circulation pump

12.5 System Commissioning Report

Commissioning date:	
Customer address:	Last name, first name:
	Postal address:
	Town:
	Telephone:
Installation company:	Last name, first name:
	Street:
	Town:
	Telephone:
Product information:	Product type:
	TTNR:
	Serial number:
	FD-no.:
System components:	Receint/value
Boom controller	
Boom temperature-dependent control unit with humidity sensor	
Solar integration	
Buffer cylinder	
Type/Volume (I):	
Hot water cylinder	TYes T No
Type/Volume (I):	
Other components	□ Yes □ No
Which?	
Minimum clearances heat pump:	
Is the heat pump standing on a solid. flat surface?	□ Yes □ No
Is the heat pump stably anchored?	
Is the heat pump standing in a location where snow cannot slide off the roof	
onto it?	
Minimum wall clearance?mm	
Minimum clearances at sides?mm	
Minimum distance to roof?mm	
Minimum distance in front of the heat pump?mm	
Condensate hose, heat pump	
Does the condensate hose have a heating cable?	□ Yes □ No
Connections at the heat pump	
Were the connections established correctly?	🗆 Yes 🗖 No
Who installed/prepared the connecting pipework?	
Minimum clearances, indoor unit:	
Minimum wall clearance?mm	
Minimum distance in front of the unit?mm	
Heating:	
Pressure determined in the expansion vessel? bar	
The heating system has been filled according to the pressure determined in the	e expansion vessel to bar
Has the heating system been flushed before installation?	□ Yes □ No
Has the particle filter been cleaned?	□ Yes □ No
Electric connection:	
Were the low voltage cables installed with a minimum distance of 100 mm from 230 V/400 V cables?	□ Yes □ No
Were the CAN-BUS connections established as specified in the instructions?	
Has a power guard been connected?	□ Yes □ No
Is the outside temperature sensor T1 on the coldest side of the house?	
Power supply:	
Is the phase sequence of L1, L2, L3, N and PE in the heat pump correct?	□ Yes □ No
Is the phase sequence of L1, L2, L3, N and PE in the indoor unit correct?	□ Yes □ No
Does the power supply correspond to the installation instructions?	□ Yes □ No

Fuse for heat pump and electric booster heater, tripping characteristics?	
Manual operation:	
Was a function check of individual component groups performed (pump,	□ Yes □ No
mixing valve, diverter valve, compressor, etc.)?	
Comments:	
Have the temperatures in the menu been checked and documented?	□ Yes □ No
ТО	O°
T1	⊃°
TW1	°C
TCO	°C
TC1	°C
Settings for auxiliary heater:	
Time delay, auxiliary heater	
Block auxiliary heater	□ Yes □ No
Electric booster heater connected load settings	
Auxiliary heater, maximum temperature	℃
Safety functions:	
Block heat pump at low outside temperatures	
Has the commissioning been performed correctly?	□ Yes □ No
Does the installer have to perform additional measures?	□ Yes □ No
Comments:	
Installer signature:	
Customer or installer signature:	
Table 15. Sustan Commissioning Depart	

Table 15 System Commissioning Report

12.6 Error codes on the display

Display code	Cause code	Error text	Root cause	Corrective / measure
A01	5800	Info Outdoor unit controller restarted	Outdoor unit control unit crash or power supply cut off.	Information expected when switching the control unit off and on again. No correction necessary. Otherwise, check stability of power supply grid. If problem is recurrent and power supply is stable, replace the ODU control unit.
A01	5801	Info Outdoor unit CAN gateway restarted	Outdoor unit CAN gateway (CBI) crash or power supply cut off.	Information expected when switching the control unit off and on again. No correction necessary. Otherwise, check stability of power supply grid. If problem is recurrent and power supply is stable, replace the CAN gateway (CBI).
A01	5802	Info No power supply at compressor	No power supply to the compressor.	Check compressor wire and high pressure switch connections.
H01	5803	Alarm No power supply at compressor	No power supply to the compressor (outdoor unit locked).	Check compressor wire and high pressure switch connections.
A01	5804	Info Current	Hardware current sensor false	Check no obstruction to electrical box and outdoor coil air inlet.
		sensor fault	reading.	Check compressor connection. Check compressor internal resistances.
H01	5805	Alarm Current sensor fault	Hardware current sensor false reading (outdoor unit locked).	Check no obstruction to electrical box and outdoor coil air inlet. Check compressor connection. Check compressor internal resistances.
A01	5806	Info IPM driver pin fault	Hardware: control signal to IPM pin is not correct.	Check no obstruction to electrical box and outdoor coil air inlet. Check compressor connection. Check compressor internal resistances.
H01	5807	Alarm IPM driver pin fault	Hardware control signal to IPM pin is not correct (outdoor unit locked).	Check no obstruction to electrical box and outdoor coil air inlet. Check compressor connection. Check compressor internal resistances.
A01	5808	Info AC input zero cross error	AC frequency < 40 Hz or > 70 Hz, or no AC zero cross signal.	Check between all phases and PEN conductor if the input voltage is outside the limits. If this is not the case and the problem persists, replace the compressor drive. If voltage is high/low, recommend the customer to fix the power supply.
H01	5809	Alarm AC input zero cross error	AC frequency < 40Hz or > 70Hz, or no AC zero cross signal (outdoor unit locked).	Check between all phases and PEN conductor if the input voltage is outside the limits. If this is not the case and the problem persists, replace the compressor drive. If voltage is high/low, recommend the customer to fix the power supply.
A01	5810	Info Compressor current sensor fault	Hardware current sensor false reading.	Check power supply lines. If no problem is detected, replace compressor Driver.

Table 16

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