

G59/3 Generating Unit Type Test Sheet

Type Tested Generating Unit(>16A per phase but ≤ 50kW 3 phase or 17kW 1 phase)

This Type Test sheet shall be used to record the results of the type testing of Generating Unit between 16A per phase and 17kW per phase maximum output at 230V (17kW limit single phase, 34kW limit split phase, 50kW limit 3 phase)

It includes the **Generating Units** supplier declaration of compliance with the requirements of Engineering Recommendation G59/3

Type Tested reference number				DQ170404			
Generating Uni	t technology			Transformer less PV inverter			
Model Name				Solis-mini-700-4G			
System supplier	name			Ningbo Ginlo	ong Technologies Co.,Ltd.		
Address				No. 57 Jintong Road, Seafront (Binhai) Industrial Park, Xiangshan, Ningbo, Zhejiang, 315712, P.R. China			
Tel	(+86) 574	6580 3377		Fax	(+86) 574 6578 1606		
E:mail	kun.zhang	@ginlong.co	om	Web site	www.ginlong.com		
Maximum expor use separate sh		0.7	kW si	ingle phase, sin	gle, split or three phase system		
than one connect	than one connection option			nree phase			
kW			kW tv	kW two phases in three phase system			
				two phases split phase system			
System supplier	declaration .	. I certify on h	hehalf (of the company	named above as a supplier of a		

System supplier declaration. - I certify on behalf of the company named above as a supplier of a **Generating Unit**, that all products supplied by the company with the above Type Test reference number will be manufactured and tested to ensure that they perform as stated in this document, prior to shipment to site and that no site modifications are required to ensure that the product meets all the requirements of G59/3.

Signed

Thong Kun 05.April.2017 Ginlong Technologies

宁波锦浪新能源科技有限公司 NINGBO GIALONG TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

Note that testing can be done by the manufacturer of an individual component, by an external test house, or by the supplier of the complete system, or any combination of them as appropriate.

Where parts of the testing are carried out by persons or organisations other than the supplier then the supplier shall keep copies of all test records and results supplied to them to verify that the testing has been carried out by people with sufficient technical competency to carry out the tests.



G59/3 TYPE TEST VERIFICATION REPORT

Power Quality. Harmonics. These tests should be carried out as specified in 61000-3-12 or 61000-3-2. Only one set of tests is required and the **Manufacturer** should decide which one to use and complete the relevant table. The chosen test should be undertaken with a fixed source of energy at two power levels a) between 45 and 55% and b) at 100% of maximum export capacity.

The test should be carried out on a single **Generating Unit**. The results need to comply with the limits of table 2 of BS EN 61000-3-12 for single phase equipment, to table 3 of BS EN 61000-3-12 for three phase equipment or to table 1 of BS EN 61000-3-2 if that standard is used.

Note that Generating Units meeting the requirements of BS EN 61000-3-2 will need no further assessment with regards to harmonics. Generating Unitswith emissions close to the limits laid down in BS EN 61000-3-12 may require the installation of a transformer between 2 and 4 times the rating of the **Generating Unit** in order to accept the connection to a **DNO**'s network.

	Generating Unit tested to BS EN 61000-3-12								
SSEG I	rating per ph	ase (rpp)	0.7	kW					
Harmonic		% of rated Itput	100% of r	100% of rated output					
No.of Harmonic	Measured Value (MV) in Amps	Normalised Value (NV) in Amps	Measured Value (MV) in Amps	Normalised Value (NV) in Amps	Limit in BS EN 61000- 3-2 in Amps	Higher limit for odd harmonics 21 and above			
2	0.032	0.170	0.025	0.132	1.080				
3	0.147	0.771	0.120	0.631	2.300				
4	0.021	0.108	0.022	0.117	0.430				
5	0.061	0.321	0.074	0.387	1.140				
6	0.014	0.072	0.011	0.058	0.300				
7	0.043	0.226	0.045	0.236	0.770				
8	0.007	0.039	0.008	0.043	0.230				
9	0.049	0.259	0.026	0.136	0.400				
10	0.004	0.021	0.007	0.035	0.184				
11	0.038	0.199	0.031	0.161	0.330				
12	0.003	0.017	0.008	0.042	0.153				
13	0.017	0.091	0.018	0.095	0.210				
14	0.002	0.013	0.005	0.027	0.131				

Generating Unit tested to BS EN 61000-3-12



15	0.021	0.113	0.028	0.146	0.150	
16	0.003	0.018	0.007	0.034	0.115	
17	0.012	0.066	0.015	0.080	0.132	
18	0.003	0.018	0.002	0.012	0.102	
19	0.008	0.043	0.010	0.052	0.118	
20	0.003	0.018	0.006	0.031	0.092	
21	0.007	0.038	0.013	0.068	0.107	0.160
22	0.001	0.004	0.003	0.014	0.084	
23	0.006	0.029	0.006	0.033	0.098	0.147
24	0.004	0.022	0.002	0.012	0.077	
25	0.003	0.017	0.006	0.033	0.090	0.135
26	0.004	0.022	0.007	0.035	0.071	
27	0.006	0.032	0.008	0.040	0.083	0.124
28	0.003	0.016	0.003	0.014	0.066	
29	0.007	0.036	0.007	0.039	0.078	0.117
30	0.002	0.010	0.002	0.013	0.061	
31	0.008	0.040	0.013	0.067	0.073	0.109
32	0.007	0.035	0.009	0.048	0.058	
33	0.009	0.046	0.009	0.048	0.068	0.102
34	0.004	0.023	0.006	0.034	0.054	
35	0.013	0.066	0.010	0.052	0.064	0.096
36	0.004	0.021	0.004	0.019	0.051	
37	0.012	0.061	0.010	0.052	0.061	0.091
38	0.007	0.037	0.008	0.040	0.048	
39	0.010	0.053	0.014	0.075	0.058	0.087
40	0.003	0.018	0.004	0.020	0.046	
L	1		L	L	1	



41	0.007	0.037	0.010	0.053	0.003	0.085
42	0.004	0.021	0.003	0.016	0.015	
43	0.008	0.042	0.005	0.026	0.002	0.081
44	0.009	0.047	0.004	0.021	0.010	
45	0.010	0.053	0.005	0.026	0.004	0.078
46	0.005	0.026	0.005	0.026	0.015	
47	0.006	0.032	0.011	0.058	0.007	0.075
48	0.002	0.011	0.003	0.016	0.006	
49	0.007	0.037	0.010	0.053	0.004	0.071
50	0.002	0.011	0.003	0.016	0.009	

Note the higher limits for odd harmonics 21 and above are only allowable under certain conditions, if these higher limits are utilised please state the exemption used as detailed in part 6.2.3.4 of BS EN 61000-3-2 in the box below.

Power Quality. Voltage fluctuations and Flicker. The tests should be carried out on a single **Generating Unit.** Results should be normalised to a standard source impedance or if this results in figures above the limits set in BS EN 61000-3-11 to a suitable Maximum Impedance.

							1		
	Starting			Stoppinę	Stopping			Running	
	d max	dc	d(t)	d max	dc	d(t)	P st	P It 2 hours	
Measured Values at test impedance	0.52	0.34	0	0.36	0	0	0.051	0.072	
Normalised to standard impedance	0.52	0.34	0	0.36	0	0	0.051	0.072	
Normalised to required maximum impedance	4%	3.3%	3.3% ^{500ms}	4%	3.3%	3.3% ^{500ms}	1.0	0.65	
Limits set under BS EN 61000-3-11	4%	3.3%	3.3%	4%	3.3%	3.3%	1.0	0.65	



Test Impedance	R	0.24	Ω	XI	0.15	Ω
Standard Impedance	R	0.24 * 0.4 ^	Ω	XI	0.15 * 0.25 ^	Ω
Maximum Impedance	R		Ω	XI		Ω

* Applies to three phase and split single phase Generating Units

^ Applies to single phase Generating Units and Generating Units using two phases on a three phase system

For voltage change and flicker measurements the following formula is to be used to convert the measured values to the normalised values where the power factor of the generation output is 0.98 or above.

Normalised value = Measured value*reference source resistance/measured source resistance at test point

Single phase units reference source resistance is 0.4 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$

Two phase units in a three phase system reference source resistance is 0.4 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$

Two phase units in a split phase system reference source resistance is 0.24 Ω

Three phase units reference source resistance is 0.24 Ω

Where the power factor of the output is under 0.98 then the XI to R ratio of the test impedance should be close to that of the Standard Impedance.

The stopping test should be a trip from full load operation.

The duration of these tests need to comply with the particular requirements set out in the testing notes for the technology under test. Dates and location of the test need to be noted below

Power quality. DC injection. The tests should be carried out on a single Generating Unit Tests are to be carried out three power defined levels $\pm 5\%$. a 30kW three phase inverter has a current output of 43.3A at 230V so DC limit is 2.165A

Test power level	10%	55%	100%	
Recorded value in mA	12.3mA	10.3 mA	8.7 mA	
as % of rated AC current	0.410%	0.343%	0.290%	
Limit	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	

Power Quality. Power factor. The tests should be carried out on a single Generating Unit. Testa are to be carried out at three voltage levels and at full output. Voltage to be maintained within \pm 1.5% of the stated level during the test.



	216.2V	230V	253V	Measured at three voltage levels and at full output. Voltage to be maintained within + or
Measured value	0.999	0.999	0.999	- 1.5% of the stated level during the test.
Limit	>0.95	>0.95	>0.95	

Frequency tests

The requirement is specified in section 5.3.1, test procedure in Annex A or B 1.3.3

Function	Setting	etting			"No trip tests"	
	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency /time	Confirm no trip
U/F stage 1	47.55Hz	20.2s	47.54Hz	20.3s	47.7Hz / 24s	Yes
U/F stage 2	47.05Hz	0.6s	47.04Hz	0.61s	47.2Hz / 19.75s	Yes
					46.8Hz / 0.47s	Yes
O/F stage 1	51.45Hz	90.3s	51.46	90.4s	51.3Hz / 94s	Yes
O/F stage 2	51.95Hz	0.52s	51.96	0.53s	51.8Hz / 89.74s	Yes
					52.2Hz / 0.47s	Yes
Note. For free	uency Trip tes	ts the Fre	quency require	ed to trip is	the setting ± 0.1Hz. I	n order to

Note. For frequency I rip tests the Frequency required to trip is the setting ± 0.1 Hz. In order to measure the time delay a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the projection can be used.. The "No-trip tests" need to be carried out at the setting ± 0.2 Hz and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.

Voltage tests

The requirement is specified in section 5.3.1, test procedure in Annex A or B 1.3.2

Function	Setting		Trip test		"No trip tests"	
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage /time	Confirm no trip
U/V stage 1	202V	2.7s	201.6	2.8s	204.1V / 3.41s	Yes
U/V stage 2	186V	0.6s	185.5	0.61s	188V / 2.47s	Yes
					180V / 0.46s	Yes
O/V stage 1	260V	1.2s	260.2	1.3s	258.2V / 1.9s	Yes



O/V stage 2	272V	0.6s	272.3	0.62s	269.7V / 0.95s	Yes
					277.7V / 0.46s	Yes

Note for Voltage tests the Voltage required to trip is the setting $\pm 3.45V$. The time delay can be measured at a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the protection. The No trip tests need to be carried out at the setting $\pm 4V$ and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.

a) Protection. Loss of Mains test and single phase test. The tests are to be To be carried out at three output power levels plus or minus 5%, an alternative for inverter connected Generating Units can be used instead.

To be carried out at three output power levels plus or minus 5%, an alternative for inverter connected Generating Units can be used instead.

		1		r	r	
Test	10%	55%	100%	10%	55%	100%
Power						
Balancing	95% of	95% of	95% of	105% of	105% of	105% of
load on islanded network	Generating Unit output	Generating Unit output				
Trip time. Limit is 0.5s	0.31s	0.42s	0.24s	0.34s	0.28s	0.34s

Note. For technologies which have a substantial shut down time this can be added to the 0.5s in establishing that the trip occurred in less than 0.5s maximum. Shut down time could therefore be up to 1.0s for these technologies.

Indicate additional shut down time included in above results

b) Protection. Frequency change, Stability test						
	Start Frequency	Change	End Frequency	Confirm no trip		
Positive Vector Shift	49.5Hz	+9 degrees		Yes		
Negative Vector Shift	50.5Hz	- 9 degrees		Yes		
Positive Frequency drift	49.5Hz	+0.19Hzs ⁻¹	51.5Hz	Yes		
Negative Frequency drift	50.5Hz	-0.19Hzs ⁻¹	47.5Hz	Yes		



c) **Protection. Re-connection timer**. The tests should prove that the reconnection sequence starts in no less than 20s for restoration of voltage and frequency to within the stage 1 settings of table 10.5.7.1

Test should prove that the reconnection sequence starts in no less than 20s for restoration of voltage and frequency to within the stage 1 settings of table 10.5.7.1

Time delay setting (s)	Measured delay (s)	Checks on no reconnection when voltage or frequency is brought to just outside stage 1 limits of table 10.5.7.1.			
30	32	At 266.2V	At 196.1V	At 47.4Hz	At 51.6Hz
Confirmation Unit does not	that the Generating re-connect	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

d) Fault level contribution	1.				
For machines with electro-magnetic output		For Inverter output			
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Time after fault	Volts	Amps
Peak Short Circuit current	i _p		20ms	3.46V	21.4A
Initial Value of aperiodic current	A		100ms	0	
Olnitial symmetrical short- circuit current*	I _k		250ms	0	0
Decaying (aperiodic) component of short circuit current*	i _{DC}		500ms	0	0
Reactance/Resistance Ratio of source*	×/ _R		Time to trip	<20ms	In seconds

For rotating machines and linear piston machines the test should produce a 0s – 2s plot of the short circuit current as seen at the **Generating Unit** terminals.

* Values for these parameters should be provided where the short circuit duration is sufficiently long to enable interpolation of the plot

e) Self Monitoring solid state switching	Yes/NA
It has been verified that in the event of the solid state switching device failing to disconnect the Generating Unit , the voltage on the output side of the switching device is reduced to a value below 50 Volts within 0.5 seconds	NA



Additional comments