

Installation instructions | for authorised electricians sonnenBatterie eco 8.0

# =N

## **IMPORTANT**

- ▶ Read this documentation carefully before installation / operation.
- ► Retain this document for reference purposes.

| Publisher             |                    |  |  |  |  |
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## 1 Information about this document

This document describes the installation of the sonnenBatterie eco 8.0.

- ▶ Read this document in its entirety.
- ▶ Keep this document in the vicinity of the sonnenBatterie.

## 1.1 Target group of this document

This document is intended for authorised electricians. The actions described here must only be performed by authorised electricians.

## 1.2 Designations in this document

The following designations are used in this document:

| Complete designation   | Designation in this document |  |  |  |
|------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| sonnenBatterie eco 8.0 | Storage system               |  |  |  |

## 1.3 Explanation of symbols



Extremely dangerous situation leading to certain death or serious injury if the safety information is not observed.



Dangerous situation leading to potential death or serious injury if the safety information is not observed.



Dangerous situation leading to potential injury if the safety information is not observed.

## **NOTICE**

Indicates actions that may cause material damage.



Important information not associated with any risks to people or property.

| Symbol Meaning |                               |  |  |  |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ► Work step    |                               |  |  |  |
| 1. 2. 3        | Work steps in a defined order |  |  |  |
| ✓              | Condition                     |  |  |  |
| •              | List                          |  |  |  |

Table 1: Additional symbols



## 2 Safety

#### 2.1 Intended Use

The sonnenBatterie eco 8.0 is a battery storage system which can be used to store electrical energy. Improper use of this system poses a risk of death or injury to the user or third parties as well as damage to the product and other items of value. The following points must therefore be observed in order to comply with the intended use of the prouct:

- The storage system must not be installed in any kind of combination.
- The storage system must be fully installed in accordance with the installation instructions.
- · The storage system must be installed by an authorised electrician.
- The storage system must only be used at a suitable installation location.
- The transport and storage conditions must be observed.

#### Especially the following uses are not permissible:

- Operation in flammable environments or areas at risk of explosion.
- · Operation in locations at risk of flooding.
- · Operation outdoors.
- · Operation of the battery modules outside of its storage system.



Failure to comply with the conditions of the warranty and the information specified in this document invalidates any warranty claims.

## 2.2 Requirements for the electrician

Improper installation can result in personal injury and/or damage to components. For this reason, the storage system must only be installed and commissioned by authorised electricians. Authorised electricians must meet the following criteria:

- The electrician must be a person with a technical knowledge or sufficient experience to enable him/her to avoid dangers which electricity may create.
- The company for which the electrician works must be certified by sonnen GmbH.
- The electrician must have successfully complete sonnen GmbH certification training for the product.

## 2.3 Operating the storage system

Incorrect operation can lead to injury to yourself or others and cause damage to property:

- The storage system must only be operated as described in the product documentation.
- This device can be used by children from the age of eight (8) years old and individuals impaired physical, sensory or mental capabilities or individuals with limited knowledge and/or experience of working with the device, as long as they are supervised or have been trained to safely use the device and under-



stand the resulting risks of doing so. Children must not play with the device. Cleaning and user maintenance must not be carried out by children without supervision.

# 2.4 Product modifications or changes to the product environment

- Only use the storage system in its original state without any unauthorised modifications and when it is in proper working order.
- · Safety devices must never be overridden, blocker or tampered with.
- The interfaces of the storage system must be wired in accordance with the product documentation.
- An appropriate and readily accessible disconnect device shall be incorporated in the fixed wiring.
- All repairs on the storage system must be performed by authorised service technicians only.
- The replacement of battery modules must be performed by authorised service technicians only. When replacing batteries, replace with the same type and number of batteries or battery modules.

## 2.5 Voltage inside the storage system



The storage system contains live electrical parts, which poses a risk of electrical shock. The storage system inverter also contains capacitors which carry voltage even after the storage system is switched off. Therefore:

▶ Switch off the storage system to electrically isolate it (see Switching the storage system off to electrically isolate it [P. 51]).

Only then can the storage system be opened.

## 2.6 Handling the battery modules



The battery modules installed in the storage system are protected by multiple protective devices and can be operated safely. Despite their careful design, the battery cells inside the battery modules may corrode or experience thermal runaway in the event of mechanical damage, heat or a fault.



This can have the following effects:

- · High heat generation on the surface of the battery cells.
- · Electrolyte may escape.
- The escaping electrolyte may ignite and cause an explosive flame.
- The smoke from burning battery modules can irritate the skin, eyes and throat.

Therefore, proceed as follows:

- ▶ Do not open the battery modules.
- ▶ Do not mechanically damage the battery modules (pierce, deform, strip down, etc.)
- ▶ Do not modify the battery modules.

- ▶ Do not allow the battery modules to come into contact with water (except when extinguishing a fire in the storage system).
- ▶ Do not heat the battery modules. Operate them only within the permissible temperature range.
- ▶ Keep the battery modules well away from sources of ignition.
- ▶ Do not short-circuit the battery modules. Do not allow them to come into contact with metal.
- ▶ Do not continue to use the battery modules after a short circuit.
- ▶ Do not deep-discharge the battery modules.

In the event that module contents are released:

- ▶ Do not enter the room under any circumstance.
- ► Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte.
- ► Contact the fire services.

### 2.7 Conduct in case of a fire

Fire may occur with electrical equipment despite its careful design. Likewise, a fire in the vicinity of the equipment can cause the storage system to catch fire, releasing the contents of the battery modules.

In the event of a fire in the vicinity of the product or in the storage system itself, proceed as follows:

▶ Only firefighters with appropriate protective equipment (safety gloves, safety clothing, face guard, breathing protection) are permitted to enter the room where the burning storage system is located.

There is a danger of electrocution when extinguishing fire while the storage system is switched on. Therefore, before starting to extinguish the fire:

- ▶ Switch off the storage system to electrically isolate it (see Switching the storage system off to electrically isolate it [P. 51]).
- ▶ Switch off the mains fuses in the building.

If the storage system and/or mains fuses cannot be safely switched off:

- ► Observe the minimum distances specified for the extinguishing agent used. The storage system works with an output voltage of 400 V (AC) and is therefore considered a low-voltage system.
- A storage system fire can be extinguished using conventional extinguishing agents.
- Water is recommended as an extinguishing agent in order to cool the battery modules and therefore prevent thermal runaway in battery modules which are still intact.

Information on the battery modules:

- The battery modules have a nominal voltage of 48 V (DC) and therefore fall into the range of protected extra-low voltage (under 60 V DC).
- · The battery modules do not contain metallic lithium.



## 3 Product description

## 3.1 Technical data

| sonnenBatterie eco                      | 8.0/2,5            | 8.0/5                        | 8.0/7,5         | 8.0/10          | 8.0/12,5  | 8.0/15          |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| System data (AC)                        |                    |                              |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Nominal voltage                         |                    |                              | 4(              | )0 V            |           |                 |
| Nominal frequency                       |                    |                              | 5(              | ) Hz            |           |                 |
| Nominal power                           | 1,100 W            | 2,500 W                      | 3,300 W         | 3,300 W         | 3,300 W   | 3,300 W         |
| Nominal current                         | 1.6 A              | 3.6 A                        | 4.5 A           | 4.8 A           | 4.8 A     | 4.8 A           |
| Power factor range                      |                    |                              | 0.9 cap.        | 0.9 ind.        |           |                 |
| Current (Max. continous)                |                    |                              | 4.              | 8 A             |           |                 |
| Max. output fault current               |                    |                              | 120             | ) mA            |           |                 |
| nrush current                           |                    |                              | (               | ) A             |           |                 |
| Mains connection                        |                    | tł                           | ree-phase, L1   | / L2 / L3 / N / | PE        |                 |
| Max. ext. overcurrent protection        |                    |                              | 16 /            | 4, 3ph          |           |                 |
| Wains topology                          |                    |                              | TN              | I / TT          |           |                 |
| Mains connections fuse                  |                    | Miniatu                      | ıre circuit bre | aker   Type B   | 10 - 16 A |                 |
| Battery data (DC)                       |                    |                              |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Cell technology                         |                    | lit                          | hium iron pho   | sphate (LiFeP   | 04)       |                 |
| Max. capacity                           | 2.5 kWh            | 5.0 kWh                      | 7.5 kWh         | 10.0 kWh        | 12.5 kWh  | 15.0 kWh        |
| Jsable capacity                         | 2.25 kWh           | 4.5 kWh                      | 6.75 kWh        | 9.0 kWh         | 11.25 kWh | 13.5 kWh        |
| Nominal voltage                         |                    | 48 V                         |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Current (Max. continous)                |                    | 75 A                         |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Short-circuit current(I <sub>sc</sub> ) |                    | 90 A                         |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Win. number of battery modules          |                    | 1                            |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Max. number of battery modules          |                    | 6                            |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Dimensions / weight without exte        | nsion cabinet (f   | From 2.5 up to               | 5 kWh)          |                 |           |                 |
| Dimensions (H/W/D) in cm                | 88/6               | 67/23                        | -               | -               | -         | -               |
| Weight in kg                            | 58                 | 81                           | -               | -               | -         | -               |
| Dimensions / weight with small ex       | tension cabinet    | (from 2.5 up                 | to 10 kWh)      |                 |           |                 |
| Dimensions (H/W/D) in cm                |                    | 137/6                        | 57/23           |                 | -         | -               |
| Weight in kg                            | 74                 | 97                           | 120             | 143             | -         | -               |
| Dimensions / weight with big exte       | nsion cabinet (    | from 2.5 up to               | 15 kWh)         |                 |           |                 |
| Dimensions (H/W/D) in cm                | 186/67/23          |                              |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Weight in kg                            | 85 108 131 154 154 |                              |                 |                 | 200       |                 |
| Safety                                  |                    |                              | ·               |                 |           |                 |
| Protection class                        | I / PE conductor   |                              |                 |                 |           |                 |
| Required fault current monitoring       | In TT netwo        | rks: Residual c<br>300 mA; ı |                 | (RCD) with a    |           | tial current of |



| Degree of Protection                      | IP30   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Rated short-withstand current( $I_{cw}$ ) | 10 kA  |  |  |
| Separation principle PV -> AC             | -  |  |  |
| Separation principle Batt> AC             | galvanic isolation (functional insulation)   |  |  |
| Power meter                               |  |  |  |
| Voltage measurement inputs                | Nominal voltage (AC): 230 V (L-N), 400 V (L-L)   max. connectible conductor cross-section: 1.5 mm² |  |  |
| Clamp-on current transformer              | Max. measurable current: 60 A (standard), optional up to 400 A                                     |  |  |
| Ambient conditions                        |  |  |  |
| Environment                               | indoor (conditional)   |  |  |
| Ambient temperature range <sup>1</sup>    | -5 °C 45 °C  |  |  |
| Storage temperature range                 | 0 °C 40 °C   |  |  |
| Transport temperature range               | -15°C 50 °C  |  |  |
| Max. rel. humidity                        | 90 %, non-condensing   |  |  |
| Permissible installation altitude         | 2,000 m above sea level  |  |  |
| Pollution degree                          | 2  |  |  |
| Additional ambient conditions:            |  |  |  |

- The installation location must not be at risk of flooding.
- · Installation room can be ventilated.
- The currently applicable building codes must be observed.
- · Even floor, suitable for heavy loads.
- · Observe fire control standards.
- Free from corrosive and explosive gases (ammonia content max. 20 ppm).
- Free from dust (especially flour dust or sawdust).
- Free from vibrations.
- Free access to the installation location.
- · No direct sunlight.
- · Smoke detectors must be installed both at the installation location and in bedrooms.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Optimal: 5 °C ... 30 °C | Derating possible below 5 °C / above 30 °C.



## 3.2 System components



The inverter of the storage system is retrofittable for the connection of an external Demand Response Enabling Device (DRED)<sup>2</sup> in order to support Demand Response Mode Zero (DRM 0).

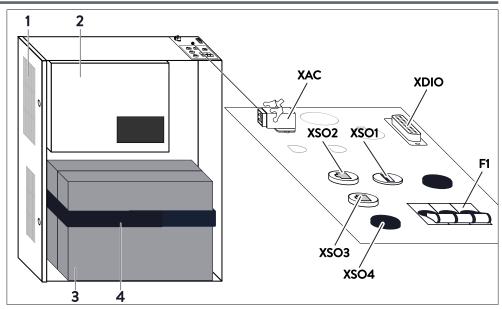


Illustration 1: System components of the storage system

| No.  | Designation                | Function  |
|------|----------------------------|---|
| 1    | Filter plate               | Holder for filter pad.  |
| 2    | Inverter                   | Conversion of batteries' direct current into alternating current. |
| 3    | Battery module(s)          | Storage of electrical power.                                      |
| 4    | Securing band              | Fixation of the battery modules.                                  |
| F1   | Fuse switch F1             | On / Off switch of the storage system.                            |
| XAC  | Mains connection           | Connection to the public electrical supply network.               |
| XDIO | Digital inputs and outputs | Interface to emit and receive digital signals.                    |
| XSO1 | USB port                   | Port for connection of an Z-Wave USB stick.                       |
| XSO2 | Modbus port                | Data connection to power meter.                                   |
| XSO3 | Ethernet port              | Data connection to router for home network.                       |
| XSO4 |                            | Reserve opening.  |

## 3.3 Type plate

The type plate for the storage system is located on the outer surface of the system. The type plate can be used to uniquely identify the storage system. The information on the type plate is required for the safe use of the system and for service matters.

The following information is specified on the type plate:

\_

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}\,{\rm Set}$  'Retrofitting DRED port' is available from sonnen GmbH.



- · Item designation
- · Item number
- · Technical data of the storage system

The battery capacity and the nominal power of the storage system differ depending on the number of battery modules installed. For this reason the installed battery capacity must be ticked on the type plate by the electrician installing the system (see Filling in the type plate [P. 48]).

## 3.4 Symbols on the outside of the storage system

#### Symbol

#### Meaning



Warning: flammable materials.



Warning: hazards due to batteries.



Warning: electrical voltage.



Warning: electrical voltage. Wait five minutes after switching off (capacitor de-energising time).



Warning: product is heavy.



CE mark. The product meets the requirements of the applicable EU directives.



WEEE mark. The product must not be disposed of in household waste; dispose of it through environmentally friendly collection centres.



Observe the documentation. The documentation contains safety information.



## 4 Transport and storage

## 4.1 Storage

Storage describes the condition when the storage system is not connected to the public electrical mains and the battery modules cannot be automatically charged.

## 4.1.1 Ambient conditions during storage

The ambient conditions specified in section Technical data [P. 9] must be observed during storage.

## 4.1.2 Storing the battery modules

## **NOTICE**

#### Deep-discharge of the battery modules

Destruction of the battery modules!

- ▶ Do not disconnect the storage system from the public grid for long periods of time.
- Never continue to operate battery modules which have been deep-discharged.

During storage the battery modules automatically discharge at a minimal level. Deep-discharge could damage or destroy the battery modules. For this reason, the battery modules can only be stored for a limited amount of time.

Observe the following points:

- The battery modules must be charged to 60 % (charging status upon delivery) when stored.
- Store the battery modules for no longer than 6 months.
- Install the battery modules in the storage system after 6 months at the most and commission the storage system.

## 4.2 Transport

#### 4.2.1 Ambient conditions during transport

The ambient conditions specified in section Technical data [P. 9] must be observed during transport.

## 4.2.2 Transporting battery modules

## **⚠** CAUTION

#### Improper transport of battery modules

Fire outbreak at battery modules or emission of toxic substances!

- ► Transport the battery modules in their original packaging only. If you no longer have the original packaging, new packaging can be requested from sonnen GmbH.
- Never transport damaged battery modules.



Lithium-ion batteries are hazardous goods. Therefore the following points must be observed when transporting the battery modules:

- ► Observe the general transport regulations based on the mode of transport as well as all legal regulations.
- ► Consult an external hazardous goods expert.

| Hazardous goods class | UN number                       | Battery module mass     |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 9                     | UN 3480 'lithium-ion batteries' | 24 kg (incl. packaging) |

Table 2: Battery module data relevant for transport

## 4.2.3 Inspecting for transport damage

## **⚠ CAUTION**

### Use of damaged battery modules

Fire outbreak at battery modules or emission of toxic substances!

- ▶ Unpack the battery modules immediately after transport and inspect them for transport damage.
- ▶ Check the temperature indicator on the back of the battery module.
  - ⇒ If the temperature indicator turned red or
  - ⇒ if damage (deformation, damage to the housing, emission of substances and the like) is discovered:
- ▶ Do not use the battery modules under any circumstance.
- Notify the service team.

## **⚠ CAUTION**

#### Insulation fault when storage system is damaged

Danger of electric shock when touching damaged insulation elements!

- ▶ Unpack the storage system immediately after transport and inspect it for transport damage.
- ▶ Do not use a damaged storage system under any circumstance.

Paragraph 425 of the German Commercial Code (Handelsgesetzbuch) forms the legal basis for processing transport damage.

The shipping company can only be held liable for transport damage if it can be proven that the damage occurred during the course of transport. For this reason it is important to follow the instructions given here as closely as possible.

Transport damage is divided into open and hidden damage. Open damage is externally visible damage to the transported goods or their packaging. Hidden damage occurs when the packaging is not damaged but the transported goods inside are

Open transport damage must be reported to the shipping company immediately. The following time frames apply in the case of hidden transport damage:

- Deutsche Post / DHL / parcel services: report damage within 24 hours
- · Shipping company: report damage within 7 days



Proceed as follows:

#### 1. Check the shipping documents

► Check the recipient address and numbers of shipped goods in the presence of the shipper.

#### 2. Inspect the goods for open damage

▶ Inspect the packaging and transport goods for external damage in the presence of the shipper.

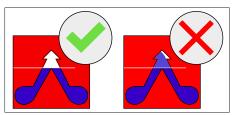


Illustration 2: Transport indicator affixed to the packaging

Check the transport indicator affixed to the packaging of the main cabinet in the presence of the shipper.

The storage system has not been transported properly if blue powder has been transferred into the arrow of the transport indicator.

▶ Refuse to accept the goods if blue powder has been transferred into the arrow of the transport indicator.

#### 3. Inspect the goods for hidden damage

This inspection should also take place in the presence of the shipper if possible.

- ▶ Unpack the goods.
- ▶ Inspect the goods for hidden (not immediately visible) transport damage.

If transport damage is discovered:

- ► Stop unpacking the product.
- ► Collect photographic evidence of the damage.
- ▶ Refuse to accept the goods if the discovered defects are serious.

#### 4. Document the defects

- ▶ Document the defects identified on the consignment note.
- ► Additionally, document the following:
- · Notation 'Conditional acceptance'.
- · Registration number of the delivery vehicle.
- · Signature of the shipper.

### 5. Report the damage

- ▶ Report the damage to the responsible transport company and the manufacturer immediately.
- ► Send the consignment note/delivery note with the shipper's confirmation of the damage and photographic evidence to the manufacturer by email.



Damage claims cannot be settled if the above mentioned documentation is not submitted within the stated reporting time frames.



## 4.2.4 Transport to the installation location

## **MARNING**

### High weight of the storage system

Risk of injury by lifting/dropping the storage system!

- ► Wear safety footwear when setting up.
- ► Ensure a secure footing.
- ► At least two people are necessary to carry the main cabinet of the storage system.

## 4.2.5 Temperature adjustment after transport

## **NOTICE**

## Forming of condensation

Damage to the storage system!

- ► Check the inside of the storage system for condensation before installation.
- ► Only install the storage system if there is no condensation on the surfaces.

If the temperature of the storage system is lower than the ambient temperature of the room when it is delivered, condensation may form inside the storage system.

If the storage system has been transported in sub-zero temperatures, proceed as follows:

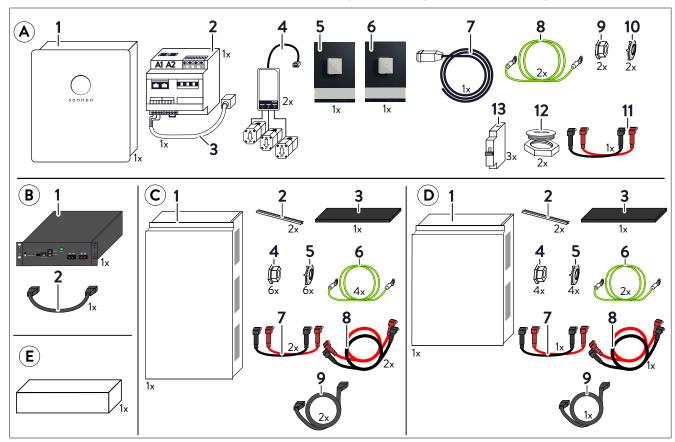
- 1. Set up the storage system in a suitable location.
- 2. Open all main cabinet doors.
- 3. Leave the storage system to stand for at least 24 hours with open main cabinet doors.
- 4. Only then can you commission the storage system.



## 5 Mounting

## 5.1 Scope of delivery

▶ Check the following scope of delivery to ensure it is complete.



| Α  | For main cabinet                | В | For battery module            | D | For small extension cabinet    |
|----|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1  | Main cabinet                    | 1 | Battery module                | 1 | Small extension cabinet        |
| 2  | Power meter WM271               | 2 | BMS communication line, short | 2 | Edge protection                |
| 3  | Modbus line with RJ-45 coupling | С | For big extension cabinet     | 3 | Levelling mat                  |
| 4  | Current transformer KSW 60-3    | 1 | Big extension cabinet         | 4 | Locking nut                    |
| 5  | Operating instructions          | 2 | Edge protection               | 5 | Contact disc                   |
| 6  | Installation instructions       | 3 | Levelling mat                 | 6 | Earthing lines                 |
| 7  | Mains line                      | 4 | Locking nut                   | 7 | Battery lines, short           |
| 8  | Earthing line                   | 5 | Contact disc                  | 8 | Battery lines, long            |
| 9  | Locking nut                     | 6 | Earthing lines                | 9 | BMS communication line, long   |
| 10 | Contact disc                    | 7 | Battery lines, short          |   |                                |
| 11 | Battery lines, short            | 8 | Battery lines, long           | Ε | Pedestal for extension cabinet |
| 12 | Blanking plug with locknut      | 9 | BMS communication line, long  |   | (optional)                     |
| 13 | Miniature circuit breaker B16   |   |                               | ' |                                |



## 5.2 Selecting the installation location

## 5.2.1 Requirements for the installation location

▶ Observe the required ambient conditions (see Technical data [P. 9]).

## 5.2.2 Observing minimum distances

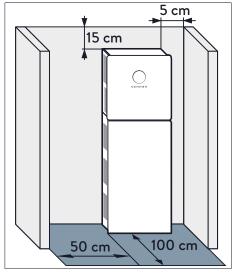


Illustration 3: Minimum distances

 Observe the specified minimum distances to neighbouring objects.

The minimum distances ensure that:

- there is sufficient heat dissipation,
- the storage system door can be opened easily and
- there is sufficient space for maintenance work.

## 5.3 Opening the storage system

## 5.3.1 Opening the main cabinet

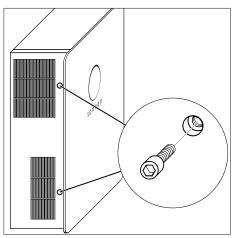


Illustration 4: Opening the door of the main cabinet

- ► Remove the two Allen screws on the left side of the main cabinet.
- ▶ Open the door of the main cabinet.



## 5.3.2 Removing the cover of the extension cabinet (optional)

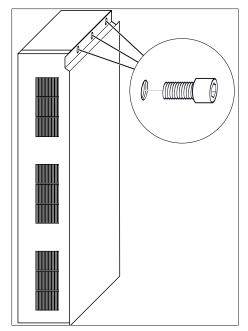


Illustration 5: Removing the cover of the extension cabinet

To remove the cover of the extension cabinet:

- ▶ Remove the three screws.
- ► Slide the cover up.

## 5.4 Mounting the storage system

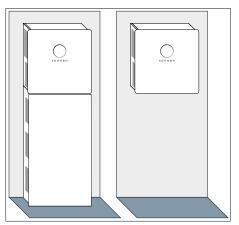


Illustration 6: Storage system with optional extension cabinet (floor mounted) / Storage system without extension cabinet (wall mounted)

- A storage system without the optional extension cabinet must be mounted to the wall with screws.
- A storage system with the extension cabinet must be floor mounted.

## **MARNING**

## Inadequate protection against contact if installed without base cabinet

Risk of injury from contact with the battery modules through the openings in the floor of the main cabinet!

► Ensure that both openings in the floor of the main cabinet are sealed with the provided blanking plugs on the inside and the locknuts on the outside of the storage systems.

Permissible blanking plugs<sup>3</sup> must meet the following requirements:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Additional blanking plugs and nuts are available from sonnen GmbH.



 Material: metal or plastic with a flammability class of V-1 in accordance with UI 94

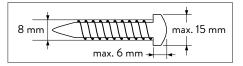
· Fine thread: M32x1,5

· External diameter: 35 mm

• Temperature range: -60 °C to +200 °C

### 5.4.1 Requirements for mounting material

▶ Use only screws with the following properties:



Screw head diameter: max. 15 mm

Screw diameter: 8 mm

Hight of screw head: max. 6 mm

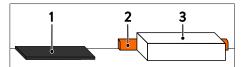
Illustration 7: Parameters of the screw used

• The screw lengths and the wall plugs used must be suitable for the nature of the wall.

## 5.4.2 Placing the levelling mat or the pedestal

The levelling mat (1) is part of the scope of delivery for storage systems with extension cabinet. It is used to compensate uneven floors.

Alternatively the extension cabinet can be placed on an optional pedestal (3) instead of the levelling mat. This is helpful if the extension cabinet doesn't meet flush with the wall (e.g. because a skirting board (2) is mounted).



► Place the levelling mat (1) or the pedestal (3) at the preferred installation location.

Illustration 8: Levelling mat or pedestal

#### 5.4.3 Drilling the holes

Holes must be drilled into the wall to mount the storage system. The arrangement of the holes depends on whether the big or the small extension cabinet is used.



A drilling template is part of the packaging of the main cabinet. Therewith it is easier to mark the position of the holes on the wall. Please note that the drilling template does not consider the levelling mat or the optional pedestal!

## Without extension cabinet

If the storage system is used without extension cabinet it is a good idea to observe the dimensions provided in one of the two figures above. That way no new holes need to be drilled if the storage system is extended at a later time.



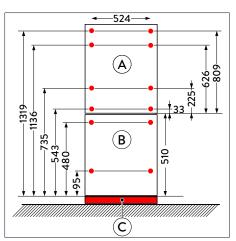


Illustration 9: Drill template for storage systems with small extension cabinet (figure is not to scale - all specifications are in millimetres)

- A Main cabinet
- B Small extension cabinet (from 2.5 up to 10 kWh)
- C Levelling mat (height: 10 mm) or pedestal (opt. height: 80 mm)

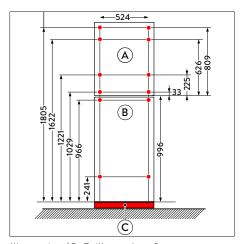


Illustration 10: Drill template for storage system with big extension cabinet (figure is not to scale - all specifications are in millimetres)

- A Main cabinet
- B Big extension cabinet (from 2.5 up to 15 kWh)
- C Levelling mat (height: 10 mm) or pedestal (opt. height: 80 mm)

#### With small extension cabinet

For storage systems consisting of main and small extension cabinet:

- ► Note that the storage system must be placed on the levelling mat or the pedestal (C).
- ▶ Drill the holes shown in red in the figure on the left.

For storage systems consisting of main and big extension cabinet:

- ► Note that the storage system must be placed on the levelling mat or the pedestal (C).
- ▶ Drill the holes shown in red in the figure on the left.



## 5.4.4 Mounting the storage system

#### 1. Mount the extension cabinet (optional)

An <u>extension cabinet</u> shall be secured against tilting by attaching it to the wall.

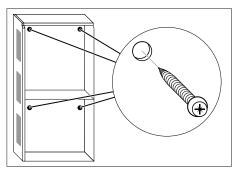


Illustration 11: Mounting the extension cabinet

Mount the extension cabinet on the wall using suitable screws and dowels (see Requirements for mounting material [P. 20]).

#### 2. Apply the screws

There are keyhole attachments on the rear of the main cabinet. The main cabinet is mounted using these attachments.

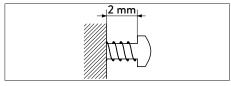


Illustration 12: Distance between screw head and wall

► Apply suitable screws and anchors (see Requirements for mounting material [P. 20]) to the previously drilled holes.

The screw should not be completely screwed in. The screw head should protrude from the wall by approx. 2 mm.

#### 3. Attach blanking plugs (optional)

If <u>no extension cabinet</u> is used, the openings in the floor of the main cabinet need to be sealed.

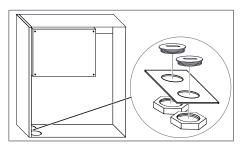


Illustration 13: Attaching blanking caps

Attach the supplied blanking plus and the matching nuts on the openings in the floor of the main cabinet.

#### 4. Affix edge protection (optional)

If an <u>extension cabinet</u> is used edge protection needs to be installed at the openings in the floor of the main cabinet.



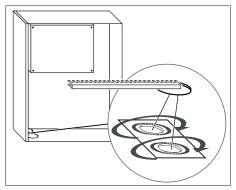


Illustration 14: Attaching the edge protection

► Affix the edge protection on both openings in the floor of the main cabinet.

#### 5. Mount the main cabinet

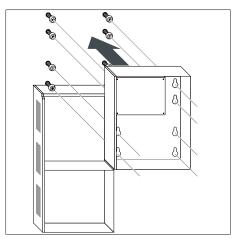


Illustration 15: Mounting the main cabinet

► Hang the main cabinet on the previously mounted screws.

## 6. Tighten the screws

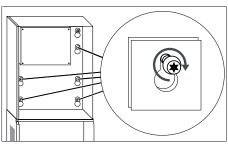


Illustration 16: Tightening the screws

► Tighten the five screws.

## 7. Connect the housing (optional)

If an <u>extension cabinet</u> is used both cabinets need to be connected. An earth conductor is already connected in the extension cabinet.

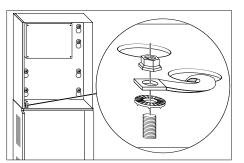


Illustration 17: Connecting the cabinets

- ► Connect the other end of the earth conductor to the earth bolt in the main cabinet.
- ► Tighten the self-locking nut with a torque of 5 Nm.



## 6 Electrical installation

## **⚠** DANGER

### Electrical work on the storage system and electrical distributor

Danger to life due to electrocution!

- ► Switch off the storage system to electrically isolate it.
- ▶ Disconnect the relevant electrical circuits.
- ▶ Secure against anyone switching on the device again.
- ▶ Wait five minutes so the capacitors can discharge.
- ▶ Check that the device is disconnected from the power supply.
- ▶ Only authorised electricians are permitted to carry out electrical work.

## **NOTICE**

#### Observe maximum line lengths

None of the lines connected to the storage system (mains line, ethernet line, other data lines) are allowed to exceed a maximum length of 30 m.

## 6.1 Working on the electrical distributor

## 6.1.1 Placing components in the electrical distributor

Several components must be placed in the electrical distributor for the electrical connection of the storage system. Up to approx. 25 cm of free space on a mounting rail is required for placing the components.

▶ Place the following components in the electrical distributor:

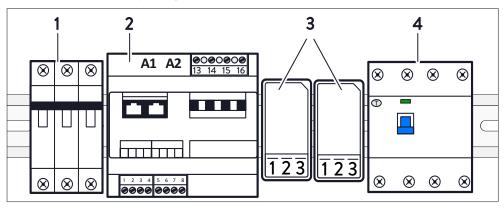


Illustration 18: Components to be placed in the distributor

- Miniature circuit breaker B16
- 2 Power meter WM271
- 3 Transformer interfaces
- 4 Residual current circuit breaker (required in TT network)

#### Explanations for the components:

• The miniature circuit breaker (1) protect the mains line of the storage system.



- The power meter (2) and the transformer interfaces (3) are used to measure the consumption and generation of power in the building.
- A residual current circuit breaker (4) must be installed in networks with TT earthing. An RCCB with a rated differential current of 300 mA is sufficient for this. RCCBs with a rated differential current of 100 mA or 30 mA can also be used. This has been tested under DIN EN 62640-1:2008/A1:2013; country-specific requirements must be observed in each case. The type of RCCB must be selected depending upon the the local conditions of the public electricity network.

## 6.1.2 Wiring components in the electrical distributor



The power meter wiring shown here corresponds to the standard measuring concept (Setup 1 in the commissioning assistant).

▶ Wire the components previously placed in the electrical distributor like it is shown in the following illustration.



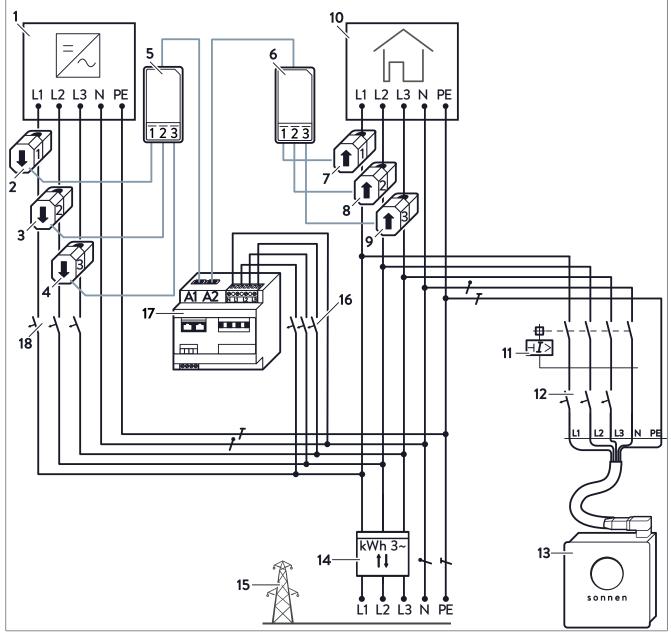


Illustration 19: Circuit diagram overview - electrical connection

| PV inverter                                | 10   | Consumers in building   |
|--|--|---|
| Current transformer for generation - L1    | 11   | RCD (in TT networks)  |
| Current transformer for generation - L2    | 12   | Miniature circuit breaker B16   |
| Current transformer for generation - L3    | 13   | Storage system  |
| Transformer interface for generation (A1)  | 14   | Bidirectional counter   |
| Transformer interface for consumption (A2) | 15   | Public electrical mains   |
| Current transformer for consumption - L1   | 16   | Miniature circuit breaker <sup>4</sup>  |
| Current transformer for consumption - L2   | 17   | Power meter WM271   |
| Current transformer for consumption - L3   | 18   | PV inverter miniature circuit breaker   |
|  | Current transformer for generation - L1  Current transformer for generation - L2  Current transformer for generation - L3  Transformer interface for generation (A1)  Transformer interface for consumption (A2)  Current transformer for consumption - L1  Current transformer for consumption - L2 | Current transformer for generation - L1 11  Current transformer for generation - L2 12  Current transformer for generation - L3 13  Transformer interface for generation (A1) 14  Transformer interface for consumption (A2) 15  Current transformer for consumption - L1 16  Current transformer for consumption - L2 17 |

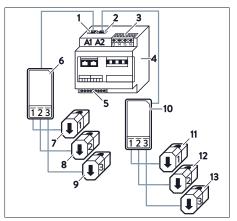
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 4}$  Protection of the line must be ensured.



## 6.2 Connecting the power meter

► Connect the power meter as described in the previous section.

The following points must be observed when connecting power meters:



· Never confuse inputs A1 and A2!

 The lines connected to the voltage measurement terminal strip (3) must be protected by suitable miniature circuit breakers. Additional miniature circuit breakers do not have to be installed if the lines are already protected in accordance to the relevant, currently applicable regulations and standards.

Illustration 20: Power meter components

| 1 | A1 – input for generation            | 8  | Current transformer for generation - L2     |
|---|--------------------------------------|----|---|
| 2 | A2 – input for consumption           | 9  | Current transformer for generation - L3     |
| 3 | Voltage measurement terminal strip   | 10 | Transformer interface for consumption       |
| 4 | Power meter                          | 11 | Current transformer for consumption - L1    |
| 5 | Modbus terminal strip                | 12 | Current transformer for consumption - L2    |
| 6 | Transformer interface for generation | 13 | Current transformer for consumption -<br>L3 |
|   |                                      |    |   |

7 Current transformer for generation - I1

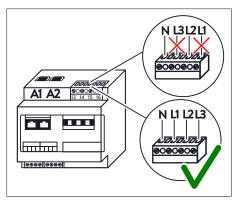


Illustration 21: Connection to the voltage terminal strip

 When wiring the voltage terminal strip, pay attention to the correct sequence of the phases as shown in the figure on the left.



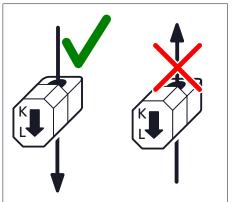


Illustration 22: left: correct energy flow direction / right: incorrect energy flow direction

The clamp-on current transformers are clamped across the affected lines. The energy flow direction of the clamp-on current transformer must be observed.

The energy flow in the line must run from *K* to *L*.

 In the case of a one-phase PV inverter only the clamp-on current transformer for the phase in question is connected. The other two clamp-on current transformers must not be connected.

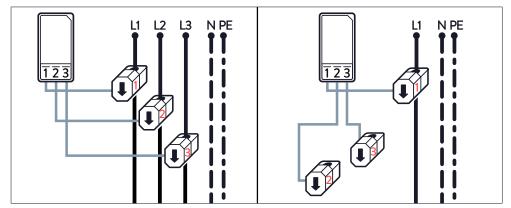


Illustration 23: Connecting the clamp-on current transformers for three-phase (left) and single-phase (right) installation

• **Do not confuse the phases!** Power measurement only works if the current and voltage of the same phase are measured.

**Example:** The clamp-on current transformer L1 (marked with number 1) must be connected to phase L1. This phase L1 must also be connected to terminal L1 of the voltage measurement terminal strip. Only then the correct power for phase L1 can be determined.

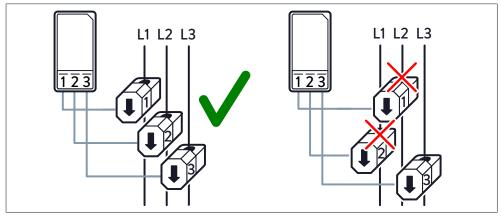


Illustration 24: Connecting the clamp-on current transformers: incorrect (right) and correct (left)



## 6.3 Connecting the mains line

## **⚠** DANGER

#### Electrical work on the storage system and electrical distributor

Danger to life due to electrocution!

- ► Switch off the storage system to electrically isolate it.
- ▶ Disconnect the relevant electrical circuits.
- ► Secure against anyone switching on the device again.
- ▶ Wait five minutes so the capacitors can discharge.
- ▶ Check that the device is disconnected from the power supply.
- Only authorised electricians are permitted to carry out electrical work.
- ► Connect the wires for the mains line as shown in illustration 'Circuit diagram overview electrical connection [P. 26]'. Make sure that the mains line's coloured wires are correctly connected.

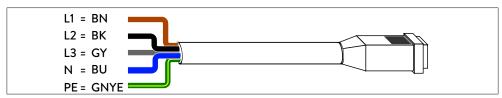


Illustration 25: The assignments of the coloured wires in the mains line

- ► Connect the socket (4) of the public network to the (XAC) connection on the storage system. Ensure that the stickers (1, 2) face upwards.
- ► Close the lock (3).

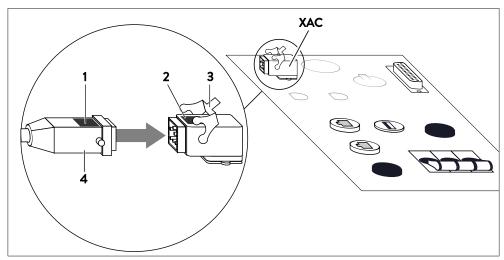


Illustration 26: Connection of the mains line to the connection socket

1, 2 Sticker 3 Loc

4 Mains connection socket XAC Mains connection on the storage system



## 6.4 Connecting the ethernet line

- ▶ Use a patch cable with the following properties as the Ethernet cable:
- · The Patch cable is Cat 6.
- · The Patch cable is shielded.
- ► Connect the patch cable (1) as it is shown in the following illustration.
- ► Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the router of the home network (2).

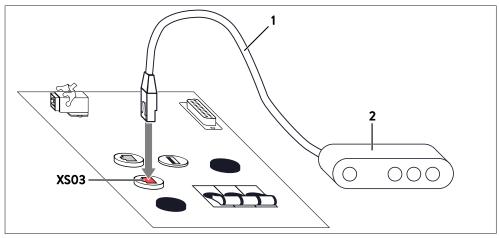


Illustration 27: Connecting the Ethernet line

- 1 Patch cable (not included in scope of delivery)
- 2 Home network router

XSO3 Ethernet port on the storage system

Upon commissioning, the storage system automatically establishes the connection to the internet once the patch cable has been correctly connected.

If the connection to the internet is not automatically established after commissioning:

▶ Follow the instructions in section Troubleshooting [P. 52].



## 6.5 Connecting the modbus line

Measurement data is transmitted from the power meter to the storage system using the Modbus line.



It is essential to ensure that a screened patch cable is used and that the screen of the Modbus line is earthed in order to ensure optimal data transmission.

- ▶ Use a patch cable with the following properties as the Modbus cable:
- · The Patch cable is Cat 6.
- · The Patch cable is shielded.
- ► Earth the screen (5) of the Modbus line for the power meter<sup>5</sup>.
- ► Connect the patch cable (1) as it is shown in the following figure.

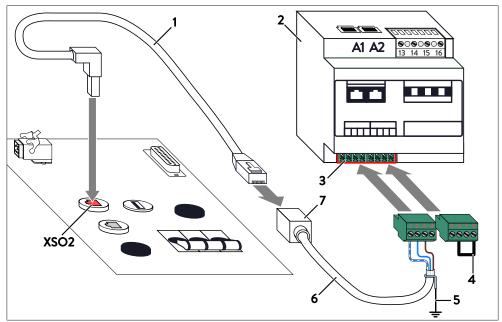


Illustration 28: Connecting the modbus line

- 1 Patch cable (not included in scope of delivery)
- 2 Power meter
- 3 Modbus terminal strip
- 4 Jumper for Modbus termination
- 5 Connection of the shield to the grounding system
- 6 Modbus line (A- = white/blue | B+ = blue | GND = brown)
- 7 RJ-45 coupling

XSO2 Modbus port

If there is no jumper (4) installed between the pins 6 and 8 on the plug of the Modbus terminal strip (3):

▶ Install a jumper (4) between pins 6 and 8 on the Modbus terminal strip (3) connector.

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 5}$  Install the supplied screen clamp for this purpose as described in the provided instructions.



## 6.6 Using digital inputs/outputs

## **⚠** DANGER

#### Electrical work on the storage system and electrical distributor

Danger to life due to electrocution!

- ▶ Switch off the storage system to electrically isolate it.
- ▶ Disconnect the relevant electrical circuits.
- ► Secure against anyone switching on the device again.
- ▶ Wait five minutes so the capacitors can discharge.
- ▶ Check that the device is disconnected from the power supply.
- ▶ Only authorised electricians are permitted to carry out electrical work.

## **NOTICE**

#### Over voltage when switching off electromagnetic relays

Damage to components!

► Only use electromagnetic relays with a protective circuit (e. g. with a free-wheeling diode) or semiconductor relays.



The wiring configurations described in this section are examples only and serve as a guide for electricians working on the system. The wiring configurations are not universal. The electricians working on the system are responsible for the correct wiring of the system. In some cases, the permission of the distribution grid operator or power supply company may be required.



External components (terminals, contactors, relays, etc.) needed to wire up the digital inputs/outputs are not supplied.

## 6.6.1 Connecting the signal line



The signal line for using the digital inputs/outputs can be obtained from sonnen GmbH<sup>6</sup>. Only this original signal line may be used.

The digital inputs and outputs (XDIO) are on the top side of the storage system. These can be used to control external devices. The digital signals are transmitted via the signal line (4). We recommend connecting the signal line to a terminal strip (6). The individual cores of the signal line from the terminal strip can then be distributed to the corresponding downstream external components.

The white wire of the signal line (4) represents the earth (GND). If more than one digital output is used, then several wires must be connected to earth. For this reason we recommend installing multiple terminals which are connected via a bridge (5) to earth (GND).

▶ Connect the signal line as shown in the following illustration.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 'Additional accessories Digital inputs/outputs D-SUB'



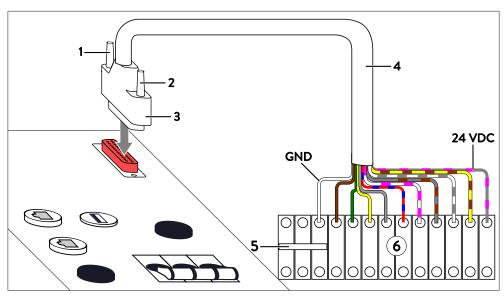


Illustration 29: Connecting the signal line

- 1, 2 Knurled screw
- 3 Signal line connector
- 4 Signal line
- 5 Bridge to connect terminals (not included in scope of delivery)
- 6 Terminal strip (not included in scope of delivery)

XDIO Digital inputs and outputs

| Wire colour      | Wire cross-<br>section | Voltage | Max. Amperage | Function                    |
|------------------|------------------------|---------|---------------|-----------------------------|
|                  | [mm²]                  | [VDC]   | [mA]          |                             |
| white            | 0.25/0.5               | 0       | 350           | GND (Earth)                 |
| brown            | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DO self-consumption switch  |
| green            | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DO PV reduction 1           |
| yellow           | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DO PV reduction 2           |
| grey             | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DO min/max SOC              |
| red-blue         | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DI CHP (BHKW)               |
| white-pink       | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DI CEI 0-21 Remote shutdown |
| grey-brown       | 0.25/0.5               |         |               | CEI 0-21 Inverter           |
| white-grey       | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DI CEI 0-21 Signal Local    |
| yellow-<br>brown | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | DI CEI 0-21 Signal External |
| grey-pink        | 0.25/0.5               | 24      | 50            | Supply voltage 24 VDC       |

Table 3: Technical data of the digital inputs (DI) and outputs (DO)

## 6.6.2 Using digital output pv reduction



The digital outputs cannot be used directly. Additional relays are required, which are not included in the scope of delivery.

Using the PV reduction digital outputs - PV reduction 1 and 2 - is a good idea if the feed-in power of the PV system must not exceed a fixed value (feed-in limit).



The PV reduction digital outputs can be used to automatically control the output power of the PV inverter so that the feed-in power does not exceed the required value in a 10-minute average interval.

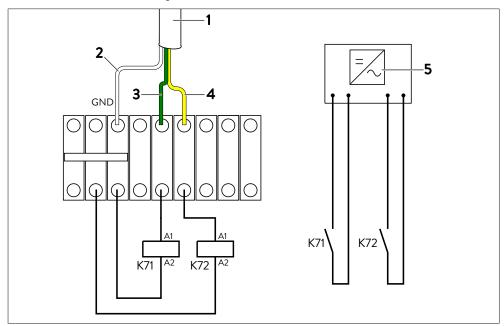


Illustration 30: PV reduction

- 1 Signal line
- 2 Earth (GND)
- 3 DO PV reduction 1
- 4 DO PV reduction 2
- 5 PV inverter with suitable interface for power control
- K71 External relay (not included in scope of delivery)
- K72 External relay (not included in scope of delivery)

#### **Function**

Relays K71 and K72 are connected to the green (PV reduction 1) and yellow (PV reduction 2) wires, respectively. If PV reduction 1 is activated (24VDC applied to the green wire), K71 energises and the K71 make contact closes. K72 energises as soon as PV reduction 2 is activated (24VDC applied to the yellow wire).

PV reductions 1 and 2 are activated/deactivated automatically by the storage system depending on the current feed-in power. If the feed-in power is within the permissible range, PV reduction 1 and PV reduction 2 are deactivated. K71 and K72 are not energised. This corresponds to level 0.

As soon as a power reduction is required, K71 and K72 are energised according to the data provided in the following table. If level 1 does not achieve the desired effect, for example, then level 2 is activated, and so forth.

| Relay / Level | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|
| K71           | \ |   | \ |   |



| Relay / Level | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|
| K72           | \ | \ |   |   |

Table 4: Make contact positions of K71 and K72 relays depending on activated level

#### Wiring the PV reduction digital output

## **NOTICE**

#### Over voltage when switching off electromagnetic relays

Damage to components!

► Only use electromagnetic relays with a protective circuit (e. g. with a free-wheeling diode) or semiconductor relays.

#### Tools:

- 2 relays with the following properties:
  - Coil voltage: 24 VDC
  - Max. control current: 50 mA
  - 1 make contact
- sonnen recommends using the following relays: Manufacturer: Finder | Item no.: 483170240050 | Item designation: 48 Series Modular interface

#### Prerequisite

- ✓ The PV inverter has a suitable interface for power control (e.g. an interface
  for a ripple control receiver).
- ▶ Wire the PV reduction digital outputs as shown in Figure PV reduction [P. 34].
- ► Set the following values on the PV inverter:

| Level | Max. active power                                 |  |
|-------|---|--|
| 0     | 100 % of the PV system power                      |  |
| 1     | Feed-in limit of PV system in % <b>plus</b> 10 %  |  |
| 2     | Feed-in limit of PV system in % <b>minus</b> 15 % |  |
| 3     | 0 %   |  |

The values for levels 1 and 2 depend on the **individual** feed-in limit of the PV system in question. The addition or subtraction of the stated percent values leads to an optimal regulation by the storage system.

#### Example:

The feed-in of the PV system is limited to 50 % of the rated power. The following values need to be entered in the commissioning assistant.

| Level 1 | <b>60 %</b> (50 % plus 10 %)  |
|---------|-------------------------------|
| Level 2 | <b>35 %</b> (50 % minus 15 %) |
| Level 3 | 0 %                           |

#### 6.6.3 Using digital output self-consumption switch



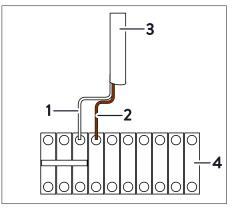


Illustration 31: Self-consumption switch

- 1 Earth (GND)
- 2 Self-consumption switch
- 3 Signal line
- 4 Terminal strip

#### **Function**

The storage system software can be used to set a switch-on threshold and a minimum switch-on duration.

If the generation surplus (= generation – consumption – charging of the storage system) exceeds the set switch-on threshold, the self-consumption switch is activated. The self-consumption switch then remains active for the set minimum switch-on duration.

#### Configuring software settings

The switching behavior of the self-consumption switch can be configured using the commissioning assistant (see Commissioning assistant [P. 49]).

▶ Adjust the switch-on threshold and minimum switch-on duration to suit the consumers that are activated using the self-consumption switch.

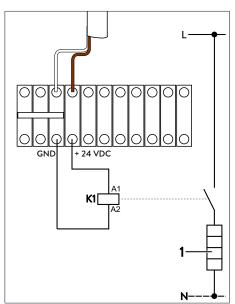


Illustration 32: Activating/deactivating a thermal resistor

- 1 Heating element
- K1 External contactor

## Application example: heating element

As an example, a heating element (1) can be activated/deactivated using the self-consumption switch. In this case it is a good idea to set the nominal power of the heating element as the switch-on threshold. Note that suitable safety measures must be in place to prevent the heating medium from overheating.



## 6.6.4 Using digital output min/max SOC

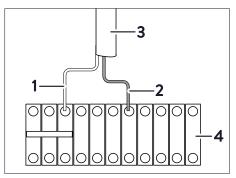


Illustration 33: Digital output min/max SOC

- 1 Earth (GND)
- 2 DO min/max SOC
- 3 Signal line
- 4 Terminal strip

#### **Function**

The storage system software can be used to set a minimum state of charge (min SOC) and a maximum state of charge (max SOC).

If the state of charge of the storage system drops below the min SOC value, the digital output is activated. The digital output is only then deactivated when the state of charge exceeds the max SOC value.

#### Configuring software settings

The switching behavior of the min/max SoC digital output can be configured using the commissioning assistant (see Commissioning assistant).

▶ Set suitable values for the min SoC and max SoC variables.

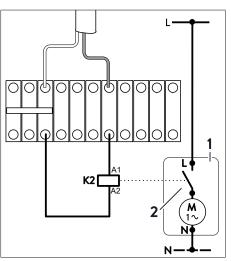


Illustration 34: Activating/deactivating a CHP

- 1 CHP
- 2 Contact for activating CHP
- K2 External relay

#### Application example

As an example, a CHP unit (1) can be activated/deactivated using the min/max SoC digital output.

The CHP unit must be available via a suitable interface (2) for activation/deactivation. In this example, the generation surplus produced by the CHP unit can be used to charge the storage system. The power output of the CHP unit must be recorded for this.



## 6.6.5 Using digital input CHP



The CHP digital input may only be used in the way described here in combination with a combined heat and power station (CHP) which provides a constant supply of electrical power. Modulating combined heat and power stations, which supply a variable amount of power, **must not** be connected like this.

#### **Function**

Using the storage system's software the power produced by the combined heat and power station, or some other constant source of power, can be set. If the digital CHP input is activated, then the set power will be added to the power currently being produced.

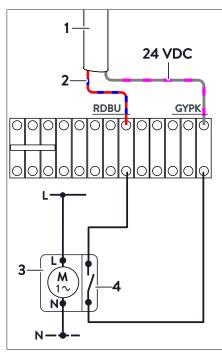


Illustration 35: CHP with operating contacts

- 1 Signal line
- 2 Digital input CHP
- 3 CHP
- K3 Floating operating contacts for the combined heat and power station (open if the station is not operating, closed if it is)

# Application example – Combined heat and power station with operating contacts

A combined heat and power station (3) with operating contacts (4) can be wired up as shown in the left figure.

If the operating contacts (4) close, the digital CHP (2) input will be activated.



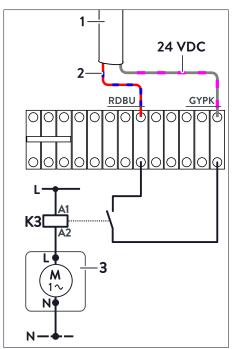


Illustration 36: CHP without operating contacts

- 1 Signal line
- 2 Digital input CHP
- 3 CHP
- K3 Current-operated relay

# Application example – Combined heat and power station without operating contacts

A combined heat and power station (3) without operating contacts (3) can be wired up as shown in the left illustration.

A current-operated relay (K3) detects whether the station (3) is currently active. If the normally open contacts of K3 close, the digital CHP input will be activated.



## 6.7 Installing the battery modules

# **⚠** DANGER

#### Live voltage at the poles when battery modules are not switched off

Danger to life due to electrocution!

- ✓ The battery modules must remain switched off at all times during installation. Therefore:
- ▶ Before installation, ensure that the 'Power' and 'Status' lights are off.
- ▶ Do not press the power button on the battery module.

# **A** CAUTION

#### Improper handling of battery modules

Emission of toxic substances!

- ▶ Do not open battery modules.
- ▶ Do not damage the battery modules.
- Switching the battery modules on/off manually by pressing the green Power key is not necessary. When the battery modules are connected correctly, they will be fully operated by the storage system controls and do not need to be switched on/off manually.
- The Power key is only intended for service purposes and only authorised service technicians are permitted to use it.

#### Nevertheless, if a battery module has been switched on manually:

▶ Press and hold the Power key on the battery module for 3 seconds until all status lights on the battery module are off.



The voltage of the battery modules does not need to be measured before installation. The modules connect to each other after the storage system is commissioned and the voltages are automatically adjusted.

The 'Power' and 'Status' lights give you information about the current state of the battery module:

| LED 'Power' | LED 'Status' | Description                      | Necessary action |
|-------------|--------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| ON          | OFF          | The battery module is charging.  | -                |
| 0,5 s ON    | OFF          | The battery module is dischar-   | -                |
| 1,5 s OFF   |              | ging.                            |                  |
| 0,25 s ON   | OFF          | The battery module is in standby | -                |
| 3,75 s OFF  |              | mode.                            |                  |
| OFF         | 0,5 s ON     | The battery module is charging,  | -                |
|             | 1,5 s OFF    | limitation is active.            |                  |
| 0,5 s ON    | 0,5 s ON     | The battery module is dischar-   | -                |
| 1,5 s OFF   | 1,5 s OFF    | ging, limitation is active.      |                  |



| LED 'Power' | LED 'Status' | Description                                 | Necessary action  |
|-------------|--------------|---|---|
| OFF         | 0,5 s ON     | The battery module is in standby            | -   |
|             | 1,5 s OFF    | mode, limitation is active.                 |   |
| OFF         | ON           | The battery module is not working properly. | Please contact the service for help with troubleshooting. |

#### 6.7.1 Positioning and earthing the battery modules

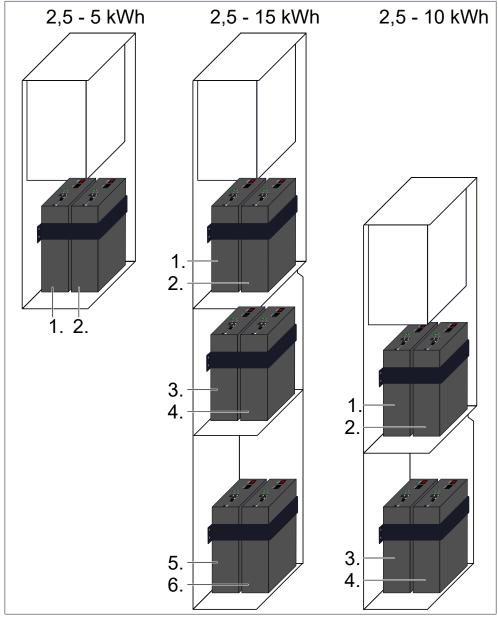


Illustration 37: Positioning the battery modules depending on the total capacity to be installed

- ► Connect an earth line to each battery module using the pre-assembled screw. Ensure that the components are arranged correctly, as shown in illustration 'Earthing the battery modules [P. 42]'.
- ► Tighten the screw(s) with a torque of 7 Nm.
- ▶ Position the battery modules as shown in the illustration above, based on the total number.



- ► Secure the battery modules using the pre-assembled securing bands inside the cabinets. The securing bands should fit tightly.
- ► Connect each earth line to the respective earth bolt in the main or extension cabinet. Ensure that the components are arranged correctly, as shown in illustration 'Earthing the battery modules [P. 42]'.
- ► Tighten the self-locking nut(s) with a torque of 5 Nm.

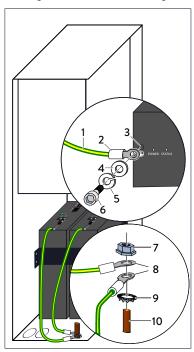


Illustration 38: Earthing the battery modules

- 1 Earth line
- 2 Cable lug
- 3 Earth connection on battery module
- 4 Washer
- 5 Lock washer

- 6 Screw
- 7 Self-locking nut
- 8 Cable lug
- 9 Contact washer
- 10 Earth bolt



# 6.7.2 Connecting the BMS communication lines

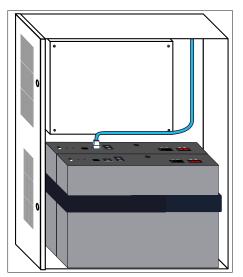


Illustration 39: Connecting the CONTROLLER

Connect the patch cable installed in the main cabinet to the CONTROL-LER socket on the first battery module.

► Connect the supplied patch cable as shown in the following illustration. The connection for each one runs from *LINK-OUT to LINK-IN*.

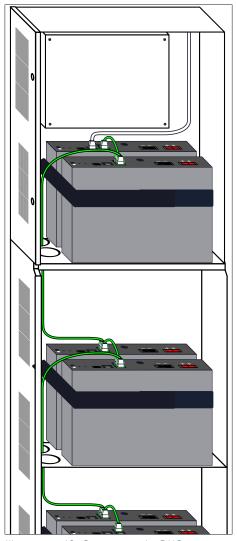


Illustration 40: Connecting the BMS communication lines



#### 6.7.3 Connecting the battery lines

# **⚠** DANGER

#### Incorrectly connected battery lines

Danger to life due to electrocution / Risk of fire outbreak!

- ▶ Ensure that all battery modules are connected in parallel, i. e. all plus poles of the battery modules are connected together (red to red). Likewise, ensure that all minus poles of the battery modules are connected together (black to black).
- ▶ Ensure that the battery line plugs noticeably click into the sockets.

When connecting the battery lines, observe the following:

- The plus line is connected to the plus pole of the first battery module. The first battery module is the one connected to the CONTROLLER line.
- The minus line is connected to the minus pole of the last battery module.

If **no** extension cabinet is used:

► Connect the battery lines as shown in the following illustration.

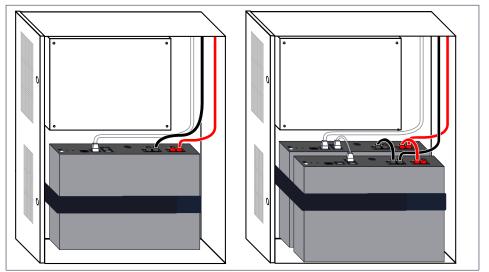


Illustration 41: Connecting the battery lines for 2.5 kWh and 5 kWh storage capacity without an extension cabinet



If an extension cabinet is used:

▶ Connect the battery lines as shown in the following illustration.

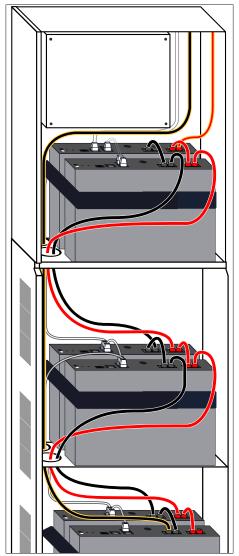


Illustration 42: Connecting the battery lines for up to 15 kWh storage capacity with an extension cabinet



# 6.8 Installing covers

# 6.8.1 Connecting earthing conductor

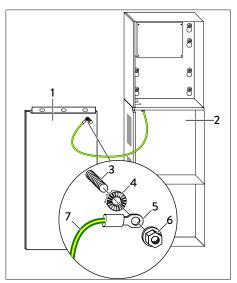


Illustration 43: Earthing line between extension cabinet and cover

- 1 Cover of the extension cabinet
- 2 Extension cabinet
- 3 Earth bolt
- 4 Contact disc
- 5 Cable lug
- 6 Locking nut
- 7 Earth conductor

An earthing conductor (7) is connected to the optional extension cabinet (2).

► Connect the other end of the earthing conductor to the earth bolt (3) on the cover (1).

Take care of the positioning of the components (4 to 6).

► Tighten the locking nut (6) with a torque of 5 Nm.



# 6.8.2 Installing the cover of the extension cabinet

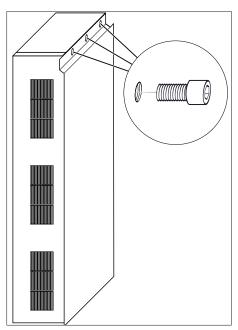


Illustration 44: Mounting the cover of the extension cabinet

- ► Hook the cover into the front of the extension cabinet.
- ➤ Mount the cover with the three screws. Tighten the screws only slightly, making sure that the cover can still be moved.
- ► Close the door of the main cabinet and align the cover.
- ► Fully tighten the screws.



# 7 Commissioning

## 7.1 Initial commissioning

#### 7.1.1 Filling in the type plate

Tools:

- Permanent marker
- ► Mark off the installed battery capacity on the type plate on the outside of the storage system.

The possible battery capacities and corresponding nominal power can be found in the Technical data [P. 9].

#### 7.1.2 Filling in the commissioning report

The commissioning report needs to be filled in for the initial commissioning.

- ► Complete the commissioning report in the appendix of the document in full.
- ► Make a copy of the filled in commissioning report, the original remains with the operator.
- ► Send a scan of the commissioning report to the following e-mail address within 5 working days: service@sonnen.de

## 7.2 Switching on the storage system

#### 7.2.1 Closing the storage system

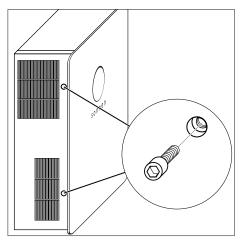


Illustration 45: Closing the main cabinet

- ► Close the door of the main cabinet.
- ► Install the two Allen screws on the left side of the main cabinet.

#### 7.2.2 Switching on the storage system

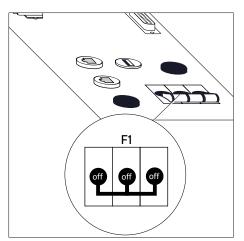
#### **NOTICE**

#### If the storage system can't be switched on:

- ▶ Do not attempt switching on the storage system more than three times.
- Contact the service!
  - ⇒ Further attempts can damage the battery modules.

Fuse switch F1 establishes the connection between the battery and the inverter.





► Switch on fuse switch F1.

Illustration 46: Fuse switch F1 on the top side of the storage system

The storage system then starts up and performs a self-test. Once the self-test is successful, the storage system is ready to operate.

#### 7.2.3 Switching on the grid voltage

▶ Switch on the grid voltage using the AC miniature circuit breaker.

## 7.3 Commissioning assistant

With the help of the commissioning assistant the storage system can be configured. The operator as well as the authorised electrician have to enter some information while the commissioning assistant is running.



The storage system is only ready for operation if the commissioning assistant is fully completed.



The commissioning assistant does not support changes of the power factor mode. Please contact the service, if this setting needs to be changed.

#### 7.3.1 Establishing connection to the storage system

► Connect the laptop (4) to the router of the home network (2). The storage system must also be connected to the router of the home network.

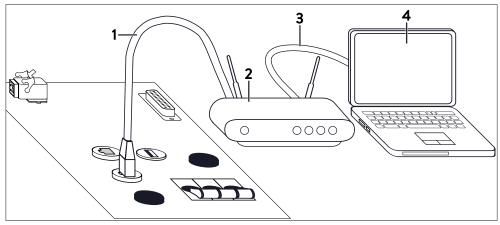


Illustration 47: Ethernet wiring

#### 1, 3 Ethernet line



- 2 Router of the home network
- 4 Laptop
- ► Enter the address 'https://find-my.sonnen-batterie.com' into your browser's address line.



The following window appears:



Illustration 48: Website find-my.sonnen-batterie.com

► Choose the storage system to be configured. To do this, click the **Configure** button.

The login page appears.

If the storage system is not displayed:

► Follow the instructions in section Troubleshooting [P. 52].

#### 7.3.2 Running the commissioning assistant

- ► Select your preferred language from the language selection list (1).
- ▶ Select 'Installer' from the user selection list (2).
- ► Enter the password (3), which was given to you throughout the certification training for the storage system.
- ► Click the button (4) to confirm your entries.



Illustration 49: Log in page

- 1 Language selection list
- 2 User selection list

3 Password entry box

- 4 Confirm button
- ► Click 'start' to run the commissioning assistant.
- ▶ Run the commissioning assistant until it is fully completed.



# 8 Decommissioning

#### **NOTICE**

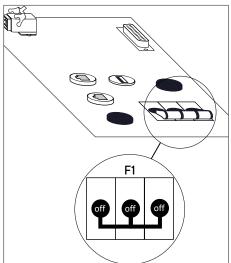
#### Deep-discharge of the battery modules

Destruction of the battery modules!

- ▶ Do not disconnect the storage system from the public grid for long periods of time.
- Never continue to operate battery modules which have been deep-discharged.

# 8.1 Switching the storage system off

This section describes how the storage system is switched off and is thus put out of operation. To be able to work safely on the storage system, additional steps are necessary (see Switching the storage system off to electrically isolate it [P. 51]).



► Switch off fuse switch F1

Illustration 50: Fuse switch F1 on the top side of the storage system

# 8.2 Switching the storage system off to electrically isolate it

When **working on the storage system** it must be completely switched off to be electrically isolated.

- 1. Switch off fuse switch F1, as described in the previous section.
- 2. Switch off the grid voltage using the AC miniature circuit breaker.
- 3. Take steps to ensure that these switches cannot be switched on again.
- 4. Wait at least 5 minutes until the capacitors in the inverter have fully discharged.
- 5. Carefully check that there is no voltage inside the storage system.

The battery modules are the sole remaining sources of voltage in the storage system.



# 9 Troubleshooting

| Disturbance  | Possible reasons(s)                                      | Correction   |         |
|--|--|--|---------|
| No connection to the web interface of the storage system (https://find-my.sonnen-batterie.com ) or to the internet portal (https://my.sonnen-batterie.com ). | No connection between the storage system and the server. | <ul> <li>Make sure that the Ethernet line between the storage system and the Router of the home network is correctly connected.</li> <li>Make sure that the Router of the home network allows connections on the following ports:</li> </ul> |         |
|  |  | TCP Port   | Service |
|  |  | 22   | ssh     |
|  |  | 80   | http    |
|  |  | 8080   | http    |
|  |  | 443  | https   |
|  |  | 3333   | debug   |
|  |  | UDP Port   | Service |
|  |  | 1194   | VPN     |
|  |  | 123  | NTP     |
|  |  | 1196   | VPN     |



# 10 Uninstallation and disposal

#### 10.1 Uninstallation

## **⚠** DANGER

#### Improper uninstallation of the storage system

Danger to life due to electrocution!

▶ The storage system must only be uninstalled by authorised electricians.

# 10.2 Disposal

# **⚠ CAUTION**

#### Improper transport of battery modules

Fire outbreak at battery modules or emission of toxic substances!

- ➤ Transport the battery modules in their original packaging only. If you no longer have the original packaging, new packaging can be requested from sonnen GmbH.
- ► Never transport damaged battery modules.

# **⚠ CAUTION**

#### Improper disposal of battery modules

Explosion or fire outbreak at battery modules or emission of toxic substances!

▶ Do not dispose of batteries in fire.

The storage system and the batteries it contains **must not** be disposed of as domestic waste!

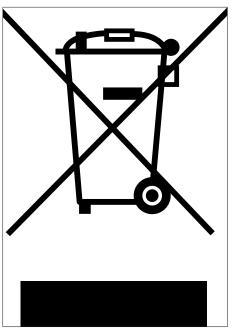


Illustration 51: WEEE symbol

- Dispose of the storage system and the batteries it contains in an environmentally friendly way through suitable collection systems.
- Contact sonnen GmbH to dispose of old batteries.

In accordance with the German Battery Act (BattG 2009), sonnen GmbH will accept old batteries free of charge. Please note that the cost of transporting old batteries is not covered.

# Commissioning report

► The completed commissioning report and the commissioning images (see next page) must be sent to the following email address within 5 working days of successful commissioning: service@sonnenbatterie.de

| Commissioning details  | Specialist company details                                    |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Storage system serial number   | Company   |  |  |
| Date of commissioning  | Street  |  |  |
| Operator details   | Post code, town   |  |  |
| Surname, first name  |   |  |  |
| Street   | Email address   |  |  |
| Post code, town  | Details on electrician carrying out the work                  |  |  |
| Telephone  |   |  |  |
| Email address  | Company   |  |  |
|  | Certification number  |  |  |
| Storage system location (only required if different from the address above)            | Details on network topology (mark off the applicable network) |  |  |
| Street   | □ TT   □ TN-S   □ TN-C-S                                      |  |  |
| Post code, town  | □ TN-C (classic earthing)                                     |  |  |
| Details on PV system   |   |  |  |
| Feed-in: □ single-phase   □ three-phase  | Feed- in via phase: □ L1   □ L2   □ L3                        |  |  |
| Nominal power: kWp   |   |  |  |
| Special notes/points to be addressed   |   |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |
| Electrician's declaration  |   |  |  |
| ☐ I confirm that my details are correct.   |   |  |  |
| $\hfill\Box$<br>The storage system was installed and commissioned by me in t doing so. | he proper manner. I followed the installation instructions in |  |  |
| Place, date Electricia   | Electrician's signature                                       |  |  |
| Operator's declaration   |   |  |  |
| □ I confirm that my details are correct.   |   |  |  |
| □ I received the warranty conditions.  |   |  |  |
| Place, date  | Operator's signature  |  |  |

# Commissioning report

#### Commissioning images

Please provide the following images along with the commissioning report on completion of a sonnen system install.

#### Example:

Example:

✔ Complete storage system



✔ Battery Connection



✔ Door Open



✓ Main Fuse Board



✓ System Connections



✔ Power Meter Wiring



